Arafat sends urgent message to Soviets

BEIRUT (R) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat sent an urgent message to the Soviet lea-dership Sunday about "military escalation" in Lebanon's Bekas Valley, the Palestinian news agency WAFA said. Mr. Arafat handed the message to the Soviet charge d'affaires in Tunis Sunday morning. WAFA said in a report from the Tunisian capital received here. It dealt with "recent developments including the military escalation in the Bekaa against the Palestinian revolution." WAFA said. Fighting broke out in the Bekaa Valley Saturday between Palestinian guerrillas loyal to Mr. Arafat and rebels opposed to his leadership. The outbreak shattered a two-day-old ceasefire agreement and raised fears that the fighting could spread to populated areas, including Palestinian refugee camps in north and East Lebanon.



Israelis come under attack in Lebanon BEIRUT (R) - Unidentified guerrillas launched two attacks on

Israeli troops in Lebanon during the night but there were no casualties, an Israeli milhary spokesman said Sunday. The spokesman, at Israeli military headquarters in the hills above Beirut. said a rocket-propelled grenade was fired at an Israeli patrol early Sunday morning in the Hadath area outside the capital. The graduate exploded in the air and the Israelis opened fire on the source of the attack, the spokesman said. He gave no further details After dawn Sunday, Israeli troops opened heavy gunfire in the same area. apparently as a precaution against further attacks are-run Beirut Radio said. The Israeli military spokesman also reported a grenade attack late Saturday night on Israeli troops stationed farther south near the Bourj Al Shamali Palestimian refugee camp. He said there were no casualties.

U.N. mission visits

Arab Potash project

dated to investigate the possible

political, economic, env-

ironmental and legal damage that

may be caused by a planned Israeli

project to link the Mediterranean

and Dead seas, Sunday visited the

Arab Potash project near the sou-

The mission, which is in Jordan

for a week-long visit, was briefed

by Jordanian officials on the dan-

gers and adverse results of the

planned Israeli canal project. The

canal will inundate vast areas of

the fertile Jordan Valley and reg-

ions around the Dead Sea and

here up of the Dead Sea.

AMMAN IJ.T.1 - A United Nat- would definitely destroy several

Fateh Central Committee

holds meeting in Tunisia

TUNIS (R) - The Central Committee of Fatch, the main group in

the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), has been meeting in

Tunis since Saturday night, the Palestinian news agency WAFA

Faieh, which is led by Yasser Arafat, the PLO chairman, is split by

a rebellion led by Colonel Abu Musa, Pro- and anti-Arafat factions

WAFA, quoted by the Tunisian news agency, said participants at the meeting "reviewed the latest developments of the situation in the

area, the plots hatched against the Palestinian people and ways to

Mr. Arafai was taking part in the talks after meeting PLO rep-

counter these plots in all fields and by all means."

Cairo hails visit

resentatives in a number of capitals Saturday.

are fighting each other in the Bekaa Valley in eastern Lebanon.

ions fact-finding mission. man-major development projects in the

ernment.

the Israeli plan.

southern Gbor region, the mission

The mission, which was given its mandate to investigate the dam-

ages that will be caused by the

canal and submit a report to the

General Assembly, has been den-

ied entry to Israel by its gov-

Earlier this week, the mission

members met with Jordanian For-

eign Ministry officials, who pre-

senied Jordan's views on the pro-

ject, emphasising the adverse con-

sequences and dangers inherent in

members were told.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Explosions rock Lebanese capital

BEIRUT (R) — Two explosions rocked west Beirut early Sunday. one outside a public clinic, staterun Beirut Radio said. No casualties were reported. The radio said unidentified men threw dynamite outside the Abdul Nasser clinic in the Talet Elkhayat district shortly after midnight, causing material damage. The motive was not known but several statues of former Egyptian President Gamal Abdul Nasser have been damaged in Beirut. The other blast was near the Murr Tower, an unfinished skyscraper office block close to the old "green line" which used to divide the city. The target of the explosion was not clear, the radio

Militias shoot out in north Lebanon

TRIPOLL Lebanon (R) - Proand anti-Syrian militias clashed in pre-dawn street fighting in the north Lebanese port of Tripoli Sunday, using automatic weapons and rocket-propelled grenades. security officials said. The officials said police were unable to enter the area. controlled by the militias, and there were no details of casualties. Fighting in the narrow backstreets of the port lasted for two and a half hours, the officials

Polish union figure emerges from hiding

WARSAW (R) - A woman sociologist who worked with the banned Solidarity union in Warsaw has reported to police after being in biding since the military tak-eover in December 1981, the official news agency PAP reported-Sunday. It said Urszula Doroszewska. editor of the Solidarity Wiadomosci Dnia (daily newa) which carried daily bulletins from Warsaw and other regions, was allowed home after questioning on Friday.

Japanese delegation talks with Iraqis

BAGHDAD (R) — A Japanese government delegation Sunday discussed with Iraqi Trade Minister Hassan Ali ways of improving bilateral trade cooperation. the Iraql News Agency said. The agency did not specify wbether the two sides discussed the issue of extending a deadline for the use of loans from Tokyo totalling \$1.5 billion. The present deadline for taking up the loans is Aug. 15.

Hijacked U.S. jet returns to Miami

MIAMI (R) - Two men. holding explosives in one hand and flie cking cigarette lighters in the other, hijacked a U.S. airliner to Cuba Saturday -- the fifth such seizure in nine weeks. The Pan American World Airways Boeing 727. on an internal Florida flight with 55 passengers and six crew when it was taken over, later flew back to Miami. No one was injured. The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) said the bijackers tentatively identified as Cuban refugees, were arrested by Havana police. The FBI said Cuban · authorities told the flight crew that both hijackers were carrying exp-losive devices, one a hand gre-

INSIDE

- Nigeria-Chad borders to
- reopen. page 2 Japanese firm gets Arabsat
- satellite contract, page 3 Cuban presence in Angola remains key factor in Namibian talks. page 4
- " Jordan's butterflies solve many scientific puzzles. page 5
- MeEuroe crowned Wimbledon king, page 6 • U.S. opts out of final UNCTAD agreement.
- Afghan refugees cheer Shultz, page 8

Mediators meet Khaddam

PLO team, Syria hold talks on rift

DAMASCUS (R) — Six senior Palestinian mediators met Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam Sunday at the start of a mission to end a violent split among Palestinian fighters in eastern Lebanon.

The mission, from the Exe- they repulsed the attacks. cutive Committee of the Palestine to heal a rift between PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

One of the PLO mediators. Mohammad Zuhdi Al Nashashibi, told reporters after the meeting with Mr. Khaddam that their diseussions had been "positive, and calling for optimism.

"We affirmed the concern of the PLO to establish the best relations with Syria, and Minister Khaddam affirmed Syria's strong concern for the unity of the Fateh movement and the PLO." Mr. Nashasbibi said.

He said the mediation mission would meet some of the Fatch rebel leaders, including Colonel Nimr Saleb (Abu Saleh) later Sunday night and bave further talks with Syrian and Palestinian leaders over the next few days.

The leader of the six-man PLO delegation. Khaled Al Fahoum, speaker of the Palestine National Council, told reporters before meeting Mr. Khaddam:

"Our mission is based on the necessity of an immediate ceasettre in preparation for achieving itive results."

He said the team would also meet "parties concerned in the text. Palestinian arena." There was no indication as to whether they would cross into Syrian-occupied east Lebanon for talks with Arafat

loyalists and rebels. The team's task was given fighting Saturday in Lebanon's eement which Syria opposes. eastern Bekaa Valley between Arafat loyalists and rebels opp-

osed to his leadership. : The rebels attacked several bases of Mr. Arafat's mainstream Fatch guerrilla group, reportedly exchanging artillery, machinegun. rocket-propelled grenade and rifle fire. The loyalists said

troops from Lebanon before the

visit of U.S. Secretary of State

George Shultz to the Middle East

ater this week, senior Israeli off-

The officials said after a mee-

ing of the Israeli cabinet that

Prime Minister Menachem Begin

would reconvene his ministers to

discuss the pullback before Mr.

Shultz's visit to Israel, which is

The officials said the decision

could be made at this meeting.

U.S. President Ronald Reagan

assigned Mr. Sbultz to the Middle

tentatively set for Thursday.

icials said Sunday.

The outbreak shattered a two-Liberation Organisation day-old ceasefire agreement and (PLO) hopes to restore unity raised fears that the fighting could among the Palestinian fighters and, spread to populated areas. incspread to populated areas, including Palestinian refugee camps in north and east Lebanon.

Meanwhile. Reuter cor-respondent Nicholas Moore reported from Bar. Elias in the Bekaa that there was sporadic shooting Sunday morning but no serious clashes. He said that the shooting died down after about 30 minutes.

Senior envoys from Cuba and India arrived separately in Damascus Sunday for talks with Syrian leaders, the official Syrian news agency SANA reported.

The agency gave no details but both envoys were believed to be carrying messages related to Mr.
Arafat's recent appeal to leaders
of the Non-Alined Movent over his rift with Syria.

The envoys were Cuban Minister of Cabinet Affairs Levi Farah Balmaseda and Romesh Bhandari a sénior Indian Foreign Ministry official.

Assad congratulates Reagan

Meanwhile, Syrian President national (Palestinian) unity, now sident Ronald Reagan Sunday, suffering from the crisis inside the congratulating him on the occmainstream Fateb movement... I asion of America's Independence am optimistic we will achieve pos- Day Monday, the official Syrian

news agency said. The agency did not release the

In Beirut, diplomats saw a certain significance in the fact that Mr. Assad sent the cable, after weeks in which the Syrian official media have been attacking the U.S. for its role in an Israeliadded urgency by an outbreak of Lebanese troop withdrawal agr-

> (The diplomats said the fact that Mr. Reagan had decided to send bis secretary of state. George Shultz, back to the Middle East this week indicated there may be signs of progress in U.S. efforts to get all foreign forces - Israeli. Syrian and Palestinian -- out of Lebanon).

ide on a partial withdrawal of its Israeli. Syrian and Palestinian for-

ees from Lebanon.

reduce casualties.

Israel has stated it will evacuate

its 25,000 soldiers if some 35,000

Syrian and Palestinian troops

leave simultaneously. In the face

. of Syria's refusal to consider this.

the Israelis have drawn up plans

for a partial withdrawal to more

defensive positions in order to

An official said Israel would

"Nobody has veto powers over

consider redeploying its troops

even without U.S. and Lebanese



FREEDO WAT LAST: Red Cross representatives comfort Portuguese hostages released by the Angolan anti-government forces, UNITA, no their arrival in Lisbon Sunday, (Story on page 8)

Shultz flies to Mideast today

for talks on the withdrawal of foreign troops from Lebanon after giving a ringing pledge of U.S. support for the war against Soviet forces in Afghanistan.

Mr. Shultz departs Monday for Saudi Arabia on a Middle East tour in which he said be would get an assessment of the Lebanese sit-

He told reporters he did not plan a shuttle mission.

State Department officials said his itinerary includes a stop in Syria which is the key to withdrawal of all foreign troops from

hdrawal of its troops from Leb-

anon when he visits the Middle

East. Damascus Radio said Sun-

"Washington's altempts to

break the Arab ranks. find new

agents, mobilise all the forces of

treason and exert pressure and

direct threats to Syria will meet

only with increased Syrian det-

ermination.", the radio said in a

The Lebanese government last

week told U.S. special envoy Phi-

lip Habib it opposed any partial

withdrawal of Israeli troops unless

such a move was part of a total

Israel envisages the area it

might evacuate around Beirut and

in the central Shouf mountains as

being taken over by the Lebanese

army and multinational pea-

cekeeping troops eutrently sta-

the U.S. would have to think very

But Mr. Shultz said last week

ISLAMABAD (R) - Secretary out its troops and has rejected a of State George Shultz prepared: request to receive special envoy Sunday to fly to the Middle East. Philip Habib to discuss the issue.

> Israel's agreement to pull out its soldiers cannot be implemented until Syrian and Palestine Lib-eration Organisation (PLO) for-ces also withdraw.

Mr. Shultz's Middle East trip was added to the end of a fournation Asian tour that wound up Sunday with a visit tota camp in Peshawar housing some of the three million refugees who have fled across the border into Pakistan from Afghanistan, (Refugees cheer Shultz, page 8)

Mr. Shultz did not answer dir-Damascus has refused to pull as it flew to Peshawar if he would any territory vacated by Israel.

Syria reiterates opposition to pact

retary of State George Shultz will resented in its efforts to stand fast

face "increased Syrian det- and sacrifice, and in the rallying of

ermination" -- backed up by the Soviet Union -- to reject the wit- of the world -- especially the Sov-

commentary. has publicly rejected the deal and refused to receive U.S. special

harmful.

itude.

DAMASCUS (R) — U.S. Sec-knows that Syria's strength is repensively Philip Habib to discuss the

iet Union -- around its just att-

Mr. Shultz. currently in Pak-

istan, is to visit Syria this week as

part of a vliddle East tour to dis-

cuss the withdrawal of all foreign

Israel and Lebanon signed a

U.S.-backed troop withdrawal

accord last May 17 but Damascus

has publicly rejected the deal and

The Israeli official said reports

leaked to the U.S. press last week

that Washington had asked Israel

hdrawal from Lebanon had been

Syrians to believe that if they

stand firm and refuse to withdraw.

the U.S. will put pressure on Israel

of Syrian intentions had been con-

sistently wrong for several

He added that U.S. evaluations

to pull out. he said.

The reports encouraged the

for a simetable for total wis-

armies from Lebanon.

be taking new American proposals to the Middle East. He said the purpose of his trip was mainly to make an assessment "gening a direct reading myself

The visit come amid pressure in Israel for a partial withdrawal to safer lines in Lebanon.

of the views of people there."

Israeli soldiers have repeatedly come under fire in their present

Mr. Shultz said earlier that any partial withdrawal would have to be viewed in the light of whether it contributed to an ultimate comprehensive troop pullout.

He also said he wanted Lebectiv when asked aboard his plane anese troops to be able to contro

Damascus Radio, which Sat-

urday described Mr. Habib's shu-

ttle missions as "always acc-

ompanied by evil and con-spiracies," said Sunday the U.S.

envoys knew Syria would accept

"no mediation or courtesy over

of vigorously rejecting the American-Israeli accord, which

they seek to impose on Lebanon.

that upsets all American equ-

ations and calculations in the reg-

It added: "It is Syria's attitude

any national issue."

with Arab countries. But Mr. Aziz and Mr. Ali told reporters after a meeting with Egyptian President Hosni Mub-

arak that resumption of diplomatic relations between their countries was not discussed. Mr. Aziz said: "We are both satisfied that our relations are dev-

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt (R) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal

Hassan Ali said Sunday a current

visit by Iraqi Foreign Minister

Tareg Aziz was an important step

in improving Egypt's relations

eloping in the right way with the full understanding between our two leaders. Mr. Ali said: "We consider the

visit as a cornerstone in our bilateral relations and a step forward in our relations with all Arab cou-Mr. Ali said the visit would give

new dimensions to Egypt's relations with other Arab countries. most of which, like Iraq, broke off ties with Egypt in 1979 because it signed a treaty with Israel.

Relations between Egypt and Iraq have improved since 1981

of Iraqi minister because Egypt has supported Iraq in its Gulf war with Iran and sent it

> Asked whether Iraq accepted Egypt's position on the Camp David agreements which led to the treaty with Israel, Mr. Aziz rep-lied: "What matters is for the Arabs to understand and respect the views of the others rather than one side accusing the other side.

> "These accusations have contributed to the destruction of many possibilities to unite the Arab World. We thus feel Arabs must abandon this policy and deal seriously with their problems."

He said Iraq had encouraged the Palestine Liberation Organisation and Jordan to reach a form of understanding.
"They have got to decide their.

future and adopt a firm stand whether or not to accept a role in the current peace efforts." he said. He was referring to a U.S. peace

plan, rejected by Israel, calling for Palestinian self-rule in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip in association with Jor-



Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz (left) and Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali meet at Cairo airport Sunday when Mr. Aziz arrived for an official visit (A.P.

Zaire sends troops, fighters to help Habre

the Israeli army's movements, at carefully before agreeing to send

TEL AVIVIR) — Israel may dec- East to press for the withdrawal of least not when they are bac- its soldiers, who make up part of ide on a partial withdrawal of its Israeli. Syrian and Palestinian for- kwards," he said.

pullback.

tioned in Beirut.

N'DJAMENA (R) - A contingent of 250 Zairean paracommandos arrived in N'djamena Sunday to fight alongside govemment troops in the northern war against Libyan-backed rebels, officials said.

Mr. Zaire's ambassador to Chad told Reuters a squadron of Zaire air force fighters would land later Sunday, backed up by C-130 transport planes carrying arms and supplies.

The entire force would be put at the disposal of Chadian President by the limited military equipment Hissene Habre, Ambassador at their disposal. Linga Linga said.

battalions, was unexpected but African standards. Its 29 combai followed a flurry of contacts bet-ween Mr. Habre and anti-Libyan African states after the rebels of Goukouni Oueddei scored a

major victory 10 days ago. They captured Faya-Largeau, a strategic stronghold, and now control the northern third of the vast Central African country.

Mr. Habre's troops retreated to towns on the main rnad south to the capital and plans for a counter-offensive were hampered

Chad's air force consists of an The arrival of the crack Zairean ancient DC-4 without cannon. commandos, one of three such Zaire's air force is substantial by haff has denied helping the rebels our ranks."

aircraft include 10 French-made Mirage fighters.

With air support, and the 200 tonnes of emergency arms sunplies sent by France last week, the government forces may now be able to launch counter-attacks on the rebel positions.

There was no indication whether other anti-Libyan African governments intend to follow Zaire's example. But in the past week emissaries from Sudan. Egypt. Gabon and Cameroun have flown to N'djamena for talks

with President Habre. Libyan leader Muammar Qad-

of ex-President Goukouni and has iold all foreign powers to stay our

Mr. Goukouni told French joumalists in Faya-Largeau that he would continue his battle for Chad following the capture of the town.

of Chad's internal affairs.

The former president was quoted as saying in the French newspaper Liberation:"Our victory at Faya-Largeau is only one stage in the liberation war that we have undertaken."

Asked if there were Libyan military personnel with his forces. Mr. Goukouni replied: "I can assure you there are hardly any Libyan advisers or other foreigners in

Israel may not await Shultz for pullout decision Reagan praises American democracy SANTA BARBARA, California

(R) - President Reagan sent his. greetings to Americans Sunday for the July 4 U.S. Independence Day and congratulated them for living in "the oldest living democracy on earth." Mr. Reagan said in a message

from his California ranch that the revolution that brought independence from Britain 207 years ago was the result of "a divine plan" that founded a nation with a special brand of courage and love of freedom.

He said the United States was founded by pairiots who suffered great hardship and remained "a land of heroes with all the courage and love of freedom there ever was before.

Mr. Reagan likened refugees who fled to the United States from Cuba and Viernam to America's founding fathers, saying the newcomers had brought an unbounded determination to work. produce, succeed and excel.

"Don't let anyone tell us that America's best days are behind her, that the American spirit has been lost," be said. "... we work and educate for freedom, for service of the ideal of liberty, not for subservience to the state."

Qadhafi leaves Morocco after fence-mending trip

RABAT [R] — Libyan leader at the airport Sunday. Muammar Qadhafi left Rabat His destination was Sunday at the end of his fist visit to Morocco for 14 years.

Morocean officials said they hoped the three-day visit would lead to a new relationship between the two countries, which have been deeply divided on a variety of Arab and African issues for over a decade.

Colonel Qadhafi had a third round of talks with King Hassan in the myal palace Saturday night after a dinner in his honour attended by government and army leaders, political party and trade union officials and Muslim diplomats, the Moroccan news agency said. The king also saw him off

His destination was not off-icially revealed but wellinformed sources said he left for Mauritania. A press conference announced

by the Libyan embassy did not take place but Col. Qadhafi instead recorded a statement for Moroccan Television shortly before his departure.

Officials said a joint communique would be issued later. During the Libyan leader's visit Moroceans from the Western Sahara asked him to stop helping the Polisario Front in its war against Moroccan administration of

the former Spanish territory.

Nigeria to re-open border with Chad following talks

LAGOS (R) — Nigeria will reo-pen its border with Chad next over alleged breaches. the dispute along the border as pressure from Libyan-backed forweek after it was closed following border clashes in April and May. Radio Nigeria repurred Sunday.

It said the agreement to reopen the border on July 11 was made at a meeting between Nigerian President Shehu Shagari and Chadian leader Hissenc Habre in Nigeria's projected new capital of Abuja Saturday.

The meeting between the two presidents was designed to ratify an agreement between senior off-·icials last month to revive an ear-'lier accord that was ignored

The reopening of the road between Nigeria and Chad. which passes through Cameroun, will allow a resumption of food and other goods sent to Chad which normally originate or pass through Nigeria.

The closure of the border, following border clashes that broke out on April 18 in which Chad claimed hundreds of people were killed, cut off supplies in the Chadian capital of N djamena.

Diplomatic sources here said Chad appeared to be eager to end

ces led by former President Goukouni Oueddei has been increasing in the north of the country.

Chad has been fighting a civil war for the past 17 years and the border clashes with Nigeria came as a surprise as Lagos had been a strong supporter of President Habre, who ousted Mr. Goukouni from the capital just over a year

Under the revived agreement. Chad is to pull back its troops to positions held before the clashes.

other things for the updating of

voters' lists which the leaders said

included both dead and non-

The elections, called by Mr.

Mubarak earlier this week, are for

25,000 places on local councils on

which the opposition parties at

present have little representation.

Mr. Mubarak has chosen to hold

them under an "absolute maj-

ority" system which gives all seats

existent persons.

3 Egyptian opposition parties plan to boycott November council elections

CAIRO (R) — Egypt's three ciliation which they said had mar-opposition parties said Sunday ked his early days in power. Sunday to reporters, called among other things for the updating of they would boycott local council elections set for November because President Hosni Mubarak had decided to hold them under a winner-take-all" system.

The opposition leaders. Mustafa Kamel Murad of the Liberal Party, Ibrahim Shukri of the socialisi Labour Party and Khaled Moheiddin of the leftist National Progressive; Parry, also accused Mr. Mubarak of moving away from the policies of national con-

ked his early days in power.

They told a news conference they had submitted a memorandum to the president last December which contained a number of suggestions to stop what they called "irregularities and cheating" in previous elecuons, but he had ignored it.

Outdated lists

The memorandum, distributed

Israelis see Palestinian Indian aide culture week in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV (R) — A Palestinian culture week in Israel's largest city has given Israelis a tare chance to see how Palestinians view their

Featuring plays and concerts, an arı display and a symposium of Jewish and Arabanisis, the events drew Israelis cutious to know more about their neighbours to a small theatre here.

A Palestinian troupe of Arabs from the occupied West Bank and Israel's Galilee region performed political satites they are acc-

Arabic-speaking audiences in the West Bank and the heavily Arab-populated Galilee. Despite the language barrier for

the Hebrew-speaking audience. the biting messages were clear. Several sketches portray the experiences of Ali. a West Bank Palestinian who seeks his fortune

in Tel Aviv. He has to cope with

Jewish bosses and women who lose interest upon discovering he is not Israeli. ributed to Israel's invasion of

tours Mideast

NEW DELHI (R) - A senior Indian foreign ministry official left Sunday on a week-long assessment tour of the Middle East. Romesh Bhandari. a secretary in the ministry, is expected to meet

discuss the mutiny in the Fateh guerrilla command, officials said. They did not give Mr. Bhandari's destination, but said Syria

to the party winning more than 50 per cent of the vote.

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat to

and Saudi Arabia were among

Israelis eager to get away from Shouf mountains

By Michael Sheridan

BEIRUT - Israel is now virtually certain to pull its soldiers out of the strife-lorn Shouf mountains east of Beirut despite the Lebanese government's fears that this could lead to a de facto partition of the country.

According to military sources in the Beirut area. Israeli strategists view as urgent the need to move their tanks and men south down the winding mountain roads to safer positions.

Three contingency plans have been drawn up and senior officers' estimates of the time necessary for a partial withdrawal range from three to six weeks once political approval for the move is given. the

sources say.
In Beirut, the government is said to be worried at the prospect of a sudden Israeli pullout from the Shouf, scene of almost daily sbellfire and a space of kid-nappings and killings by Christian and Druze militias.

NEWS ANALYSIS

The government of President Amin Gemayefears a partial withdrawai could leave a dangerous vacuum in the mountains and redeployment along a fixed line to the South would effectively partition the country, political sources say.

Lebanon and Israel signed a troop withdrawal agreement on May 17. But Israel says it will only withdraw from the whole country: if Syrian and Palestinian forces also pull out.

Syria has flatly rejected the proposal and the U.S.-sponsored Middle East peace process seems stalled. Meanwhile, a partial withdrawal to more easily defensible lines would suit Israeli political and military objectives. Obvious reasons

A day spent recently with Israeli to occupy a line stretching from troops along exposed stretches of just north of the coastal port of

By Michael Sheridan

Reuter

Even as you drive through an

your car radio dial to hear a

husky-voiced woman on a nearby

leftist station announcing the lat-

est commando blow against the

occupier -- between Western pop

Walk down Hamra Street. a

than 20 papers either praising the

The proliferation of news in

Lebanon partly reflects the cou-

ntry's traditionally liberal app-

roach to press freedom and partly.

government or savaging it.

lomats say.

Israeli troops on patrol

roads around the sbattered towns

of Aley and Bhamdoun und-

erlined why they want to get out.

truces between Druze and Chr-

istians, acting as intermediaries in

kidnap negotiations and dealing

with all the horrors of an int-

The Israelis show reporters a

file of stark photographs of the tonured bodies of those Druze

and Christians unfortunate eno-

ugh to fall into each other's hands.

the Shouf the Lebanese gov-

ernment wants men of the four-

nation peacekeeping force and the

Lebanese army to fill the gap, dip-

Ideally, the Israelis would like

If Israel pulls its troops out of

emecine mountain war.

They are involved in arranging

the Beirut-Damascus highway and the treacherous, twisting Sidon along the Awali River, according to military sources in the Beirut area. Some planners would prefer the

line to be drawn on the Zahrani River further South. so that Israeli troops would not have to police Sidon. scene of many guerrilla att-But Israel wants to hold on to the great spur of mountain known

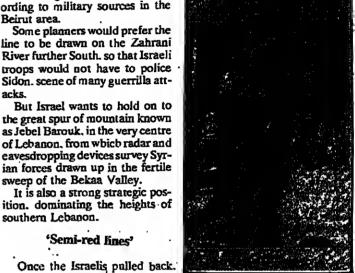
of Lebanon, from which radar and eavesdropping devices survey Syrian forces drawn up in the fertile sweep of the Bekaa Valley. It is also a strong strategic position. dominating the heights of

Semi-red lines'

southern Lebanon.

Once the Israelis pulled back.
there would be a series of "semired lines" acting like tripwires

A Druze militiaman



across the vacated territory. It would be made clear to Syria that overstepping these lines would be regarded as an act of war, the mititary sources said.

Israeli strategists believe the Syrians are digging in around their positions and not moving up reiaforcements.

Israeli officers do not appear to worry about guerrilla attacks from Syrian-beld territory because of the threat of beavy Israeli retaliation. 'I think we can exclude terrorism under overt Syrian protection." one officer said.

If Israel was holding less territory it would need to deploy fewer men, with obvious domestic political and economic benefits: But the military sources say

Lebanese army commander have told Israel their men will not be ready to go into the Shouf before the end of August.

And there are no signs yet of any definite moves by France. Britain. Italy or the United States to prepare their contingents in the multinational peacekeeping force. Diplomats say the French con-

tingent is thought the most likely to police the Sbouf. There are comparatively few British troops in the force and Italian sources said any decision by Rome to commit men to the Shouf would probably depend on the U.S. pos-

U.S. embassy spokesman said the Lebanese government had made a contingency request for more American troops in the event of an Israeli pullout.

He said any move to bring in more troops or broaden the role of the 1,200 U.S. Marines in Lebanon would be decided by the White House and other administration bodies in consultation with Congress. However, once such a decision

was made "it could happen fast."

countries he was visiting. ustomed to performing for Lebanon. Pakistan alleges plot to attack reactor

ISLAMABAD (R) — President y Mohammad Zia Ul Haq said Sunday that Pakistan had taken precautions to guard its nuclear facilities after receiving information that an attack might be made on

He said the name of Israel "did come up" in connection with a possible attack such as Israel car- ried out on an Iraqi nucleat reactor in 1980.

Gen. Zia, speaking to reporters who accompanied U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz to Pakistan, said Pakistan took seriously a report published in the London Observet newspaper last January that Israel and India planned to take out Pakistan's nuclear facilities. But he said India was not involved.

"There has been categorical information thete were countries who were suspicious, very apprehensive of Pakistan's nuclear programme and had thought of taking an action similar to one that Israel took in Iraq." he said.

He said Pakisian had responded by gcaring up its defence ins-

"Israel's name did come up." he "Nobody else would do

Noting that he had promised to present on Aug. 14 his concept for a transition from military to civ-

ilian rule in Pakistan, he said, "we do not cherish power, do not che-

Journalist released

KARACHI (R) - The military government has freed one of Pakistan's best-known detained jouroalists, the editor of the banned Urdu-language weekly "Al Fatah". his wife said Sunday.

Irsbad Rao, who was also spokesman for executed former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's widow Nusrat Bhutto, was released after about 30 months in detention, his wife said.

Radio stations battle for Beirut's free-for-all airspace

views. BEIRUT - Battered by war. divided between five armies and living on its nerves. Beirut is stillhome for a babel of competing punctuates its news broadcasts abitoun". voices on the airwaves and news with a martial air from a Lebanese

Aside from half a dozen F.M sta-Israeli roadblock you can flick tions dedicated to nothing more serious than disco and boogie. several sources of radio news compete for the Beirut listener's

State-run Beirut Radio. controlled by the government's Ministry of Information, givss a regdusty boulevard once the Middle ular supply of news broadcasts and East's answer to Fifth Avenue. and you can choose between more.

Lebanon's predominantly Christian rightists spread their message through the Falangist Party's "Voice of Lebanon" and the som-

Lebanese journalists say, the sub- blame "leftists and foreigners" in sidies paid by other Arab con-ntries seeking an outlet for their oring.

Some media fiercely defend ological wavelength is the "voice their national identity. like the of Arab Lebanon." run by the lefright-wing Falangist radio. which tist Nasserite group, the Mur-And the "Voice of Palestine."

the PLO radio station, which fell silent for many months after the Israeli invasion forced Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) forces to withdraw from their west Beirut strongholds, has just staned broadcasting again from the nonhern pon of Tripoli, PLO's last firm base in Lebanon.

Television in Beirut is all statecontrolled, but the enterprising Lebanese are cashing in on the home video boom.

Alongside the ruins of buildings Beirut last year, gandy video ewhat more outspoken "Voice of free Lebanon". of the "Lebanese diet of bloodthirsty war films, wes-

Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat

... Cairo (EA) ... Cairo (RJ)

Dolta (RJ)

..... Baghdad (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)

... Kuwait (KAC) ha, Jeddah (SV) ... Beghdad (RJ) ... Kuwait (KAC)

Diversity of approaches But these hardly compete with

the well-established Beirut-newspapers, representing a spectrum of opinious unthinkable in many. Middle Eastern countries. On Hamra Street's well-

stocked kiosks. the most prominent are Beirut's two big dailies! the independent Arabic paper An Nahar and the Frenchlanguage L'Orient-le Jour. If you want a choice of opinion. there is Al Amal, mouthpiece of

conservative Al Anwar.

lected in the daily Al Liwa. The diversity of approach

on your choice of paper. On one day last week, for ins-

arrival in the Middle East of a three-man American diplomatic Others chose to focus on the

composition of a delegation Lebanese President Amin Gemayel will lead to Washington. For readers of the Communist An Nida, the main story was about

what the paper called U.S.-Israeli moves to dominate the region through hegemony. And the lead story in the pro-

Syrian Ash- Sharq dealt with an interview given by Syria's Pre-sident Hafez Al Assad to Hungarian Television about the Middle East crisis.

As well as Lebanese newevery country in the Arab World

There is also a flourishing mardestroyed in Israel's siege of west often be very different dpending, ket in-weekly magazines, including the French-language La Revue de Liban, the English Forces" militia, which is apt to terms and soft-core pornography.

tance, the most important story.

Vonday Morning and a host of for many Beirut papers was the Arabic glossy weeklies.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL

	Children's Programm
16:35	Famous Mer
16:45	Local Programm
17:35	Arabic Serie
	Religious Programm
18:50	Maghreb Prayer
18:55	Religious Programme
19:05	Local Programme
	News in Arabi
20:50	Religious Programme
21:49	Arabic Series
	Arabic Varieties
23:00	News in Arabi
	Arabic Serie

FOREIGN CHANNEL

18:00	French Programme
19:00	News in French
	News in Hebrew
	Comedy: Barney Miller
21:10	Partners in Crime
	News in English
	The Love Boat
	DADIO TORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz. SW

07:0		Morning Show
07:3	90	News Bulletin
1 0: 0		News Summar
10:0	15	Morning Shov
11:9	0	Pop Session
12:0	0	News Summar
12:0	5	Pop Session
13-0	0	News Summer
1.3-0	3	Pop Session
L4:0	0	News Bulletin
14:14	9	Instrumentals
	DOv	
	9	
	0	
16-64	5 _ lostrumentals.	Old Favoreites
	9Jo	
17-4	5	Pone Session
	0	
1R-0	5 S	costs Donnalus
18-3	0	Doctor at Large
10-0	6	Named and
	0 шиш	
20-0	O	Fuening Shor
	0	
41.0	¥	MEMY SAMBINAL)

. News Summary . News Summary News Headlines BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:90 Newsdesk 66:30 Wimbledon Repon 06:45 Letter from London 06:55 Reflections 07:90 World News 07:99 Reflections 07:00 World News 07:09
Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
07:30 The Golden Age of Opertia 07:45
Letters from Everywhere 98:00 Newsdesk 88:30 Baker's Half Dozen 09:00
World News 09:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
News Summary 09:30 Command Performance 09:50 Record of the Week
10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections
10:15 Peebles' Choice 10:30 Anything
Goes 11:09 World News 11:09 British
Press Review 11:15 Waveguide 11:25
Good Books 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45
Music Now 12:15 Wimbledon Report
12:30 Europe's Untidy Peace 13:00 12:30 Europe's Untidy Peace 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain World News 13:09 News About Bream 13:15 The Classic Albums 13:30 Pleasures 14:00 Radio Newsreet 14:15 Animal, Vegetable or Mineral? 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 15:30 Country Siyle 15:45 Out-break of Fear 16:15 Rivers of the World 16:30 Against the Trend 17:00 Radio 16:30 Against the Trend 17:00 Radio Newsteel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18-09 Commentary 18:15 Music in the Family 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 My Music 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:80 World News 20:89 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Who's Afraid of Franz Kaftra 21:00 Out-look 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Peebles Coolee 22:00 World News 22:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Sum 22:30 Sporting international 23:00 Net-work U.K. 23:15 Wimbledon Report 23:30 Europe's Untidy Peace 24:00 World News 90:09 The World Today 90:25 Book Choice 90:30 Interlude 90:40 Reflections 90:45 Sports Round-up 91:90 World News 91:89 Com-mentary 91:15 Classical Record Review

01:30 Animal. Vegetable or Mineral? VOICE OF AMERICA 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz 65:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Ans-wers to Listener's Questions, Science

est. News Summary at 30 minutes

WHAT'S GOING ON _

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre . Tel. 6610267 French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 4203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049 Turkish Cultural Centre Haya Arts Centre 665195 Hussein Youth CityY.W.C.A. Y.W.M.A. 664251 Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library ×43555

Folklore Maseum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archmeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qar'a (Citadel Hill).

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim containes and a

orientalist arrists. Memirazah, Jabai Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128. Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilis daring from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. -4 p.m. Closed Saurdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

MUSEUMS

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Mantazah, Jabai

Popular Life of Jordan Minicum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, ecete. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - \$.00 p.m. Closed Toesdays. Tel. 37169.

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings Lious Phäladelphia Chub. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman. Fighth Circle. Tel. 815261

CHURCHES

Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

St. Jeseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Annunciation (Rom Catholic Jabal Laweibdels, 3744). De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Assumication | Greek Onthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Asbratich,

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

Ŀ43	
2:53	
1:34	(Sunrise) Shuru
:4	Dheh
	' As
:47	Maghre

FOR THE TRAVELLER

ARR

-45	Cairo	101
:05	Agaba	(RJ
:15	Abu Dhabi	iRI
:15	Damascus	/D :
		\sim
2.50	Jeddah	(RJ
:40	Dhahran	(RI
:45	Kuwait	701
	THE PARTY OF THE P	1
-24	Muscet. Dubai	1R1
):00	Doha. Bahrain	iRI
15	Beirut	
	потитичения веди	(KJ
J:50	Muscat, Abu Dhabi, Ba	hea
SFL		
1:30	A skeen	~

..... Cairo (EA) Kuwait (KAC) Baghdad (RJ) Bangkok (RJ) Tunis, Athens (TU) 16:45 17:05 17:15 Paris, Beirut (AF ... New York, Amsterdam (RJ) ... Paru, Beirus (AF) 17:20

DEPARTURES

12045 (MEA)

94	k45 Cairo (RJ)
86	al5 Damascus [RJ]
07	:00 Agabe (RJ)
97	55 Caing (R.D.
98	1:30 Athens (OA)
95	195 Beirut (MFA)
16	15 Damascus, Athens, Zurich (SR)
11	1:00 Vienna, New York (RI)
13	1909 Athens (RI)
11	1:30 Caire (R.)
11	:45 Behrain (RI)
17	2:00 Paris, London (RJ)

AMMAN AIRPORT

.This information is supplied by Alia inf-ormation department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where-it should always be verified.

IVALS	1
Cairo (EA)	1
Cairo (RJ)	1
Aqaba (RJ)	1
Abu Dhabi (RJ) Damascus (RJ)	1
Jeddah (RJ)	2
Dhahran (RJ)	2
	2
Doba, Bahrain (RJ)	
Misers Aby Obabi Balan	

MONEY EXCHANGE

Beirut (MEA)

seigian franc 71.34 71.7 Dutch guilder 127.34 128 Egyptian guinet 352.64 337.1 French franc 47.44 572 Iraqi dinar Italian lire (for 100) .446i 454.3 ...24i 24.2 . t234.2/ 1237.7 1042.2/ 10503 - 104.8/ 105.3 --- 47.3/ 47.4 Swedish crown Swiss franc 172.4 64.3 Syrian lira UAE dirham . 63.7/ ... Cauro (EA)

14-30

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology. It will be fair, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

	46 <u>7</u> . L.
Amman	t4/30
Agaba	22/36
Deterts	. 16/35
Jordan Valley	22/35
Yesterday's high tempera	
o men combora	Luics.

the Falangists, the leftist pro-Libyan As Safir, the daily of Lebanon's pro-Moscow Communist Party. An Nida, or the moderately

Lebanese Muslim opinion is ref-

means that the day's news can.

spapers, publications from almost can be found on sale here.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

EMERGENCIES Firstaid, fire, police 199 Blood bank 75121 Civil Defence resene 661171 22000.3 Civil Detraces research 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 71771, 37777 Police bendromster 39141 Tarfficipolite 3 56390-1 38230-2 1930-1 36381-2 1032-2 19300-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930-2 1930

	HOSPITALS
	Hustein Medical Centre 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4
٠,	Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441 Jabel Amman Maternity 42362 Malhas, J. Amman 36140
٠.	Palestine, Shmeisani
	Oar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667158 Al-Mussher Hospital 667227-9
-	The Islamic, Abdali
	Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieb 75111 Army, Marka 91611
	NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Tareg Kavali

AI Hayah pharmacy Fattaiah pharmacy Jerusalem pharmacy Khaled taxi ... 23715 .666417 .662273

Dr. Ahmad Bashtewi 73925/74446

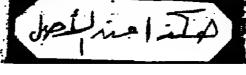
GENE	RAL
Jordan Television -Radio Jordan	731t
Ministry of Tourism	4231
Price complaints Telephone:	66117
Information Jordan and Middle	
Cable or telegram .	

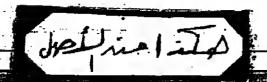
TRBID:

Opper/lower price b	file ner be
-Araba (American)	700 146
-Apple (American)	3UU/ 4 <u>50</u>
Apple (Double Red)	t50 / t00
Apple (Golden)	140 100
Assis (least)	- T20, TM
Apple (local)	T20\ [00]
Apple (Sterken)	1507 100
Apricots	350 / 200
Ronana	220, 200.
Banana	Z/U/ ZZU .
Banana (Mukammer)	230 / 200
Beans	330 / 250 .
Cabbage	401, 60
Corne	··· 041. 30··
Carrot	1107 70
Cantilower (white)	140/100 :
Charies (white)	2007700
Chick ness (essen)	
Chick peas (green)	70 / /U
Com	1507120
Cucumber (ignor)	- 20 / 40

Dr. Mahmoud Khalil Omran ... 73172

130/ 90 90/85 150/120 120/ 89 400/ 300 320/250 807: 50 1407 100 Mallow 90 / 66 120 / 180 110 / 90 200 / 150





NEWS IN BRIEF

Swedish minister to visit

A VIVIAN (Petra) - Sweden's minister of transport and communications is due in Amman sometime this month for a visit expected to last several days. During the visit, the minister will hold talks with his Jordanian counterpart Ali Suheimat on cooperation in transport affairs.

IDB makes 22 loans in June

A M.MAN (Petra) - The Industrial Development Bank (IDB) last month granted 22 loans totalling JD 55.700 to finance artisans and the owners of handicraft shops in Jordan. especially for small-scale capital expansion. Since the beginning of this year. the IDB has given 142 loans totalling JD 442,200. The money financed projects involving blacksmiths, carpenters, and the financing of aluminium workshops, solar water heaters, metal furniture, dress shops, car repair workshops, factories which produce building material photographic studios and printing presses.

Charitable society makes donation

ZARQA (Petra) - The Othaman Ibn Affan charitable society in Zarqa has donated JD 11.000t for orphaned children in Zarqa. The money was handed by society representative Shenh Mahmoud Zaidan Al Safarini to the Islamic Centre Community Coltege here and will be used to finance the study of the college's orphaned students. Over the past three days the society bas distributed JD 7.000 to needy people in the Zarqa district.

Catholic church celebrates centenary

AMMAN (J.T.) - Celebrations were held recently at the Roman Catholic Church in Anjara. 65 kilometres to the north of Amman. The celebration was held to mark four event. Firstly, the inauguration of the new sbrine of the Virgin Mary; secondly the centenary of the Anjara church; thirdly the golden jubilee of Archbishop Jacques Joseph Beltritti, the Latin Parriarch of occupied Jerusalem, and fourth the silver jubilee of the parish priest. Rev. Joseph Nehmat. Churchmen from Jordan and the occupied West Bank, members of the Christian community in Jordan and a number of diplomats attended the celebrations, which included a mass at 11:00 a.m.

Habka to receive electricity

IRBID (Peura) - Electricity supply will soon reach the town of Habka in the Irbid Governorate, according to Mr. Mohammad Arafa, director of the Irbid District Electricity Company, He said that all technical work has been completed for the supply of the town with electricity, and that this included the laying of high tension lines, distribution networks and the installation of transformers. The project cost JD 65.000 altogether, Mr. Arafa said.

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT OWNER IS LEAVING ABROAD

artment consisting of three bedrooms, salon, two bathrooms, and aluminium-glassed veranda. Central/heating, garden and garage. First floor.

Location: Jabai Amman, seventh floor, Abdullah Ghosheh Estate, opposite Ammon Supermarket.

Please call tel: 816991, Mr. Khaled.

Workers injured in building site brawl

AMMAN (Petra) - Three workers were injured in a fight that occurred at the Abu Nuseir construction site west of here betweeo Arab and foreign labourers nver work problems.

Police rushed to the sceoe to break up the brawl and to arrest those responsible. The injured meo were taken to hospital for treatment.

Nearly 2,000 workers are employed by local and foreign building companies on the construction of 6.500 housing units. The first phase of the project. 3,500 of the units. is expected to be completed by the end of this year.

Al Hussein Brigade and other sen-

ior officers Sunday visited the

Royal Academy for Islamic Civ-

ilisation Research (The Al al Bayt

national committee of the Int-

emational Chamber of Commerce

(ICC) Sunday issued its annual

The report outlines the ach-

has realised through its affiliation

serve Jordanian business, eco-

nomic and financial institutions

abroad through participation in ctices.

Foundation).

report for 1982,

WSC to begin work on new projects in Karak, Madaba

Supply Corporation (WSC) is plying the pipes for the water as soon in start implementing several projects aimed at supplying dri-

He said to an interview with the Al Ra'i daily oewspaper that project on which work will start before the end of July include the Karak stream which will feed a number of villages and population settlements. This project is expected to cost JD 64.000. Mr.

Kayed said. The WSC also plans to carry out the Bani Hamideh water project in the Madaba district which will also supply water to a number of villages. The United Nations Chi-ldren Fuod (UNICEF) will fm-

On display are 150 photographs

which depict King Abdullah and

the various phases of the Great

Arab Revolt. The photos also dep-

meetings organised by the ICC.

The national committee was

established in 1975 while the ICC

was established io 1919. The

Paris-based ICC is a world bus-

iness organisation which rep-

international level and seeks fos-

ernational trade as well as fac-

ilitating business and trade pra-

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Water ance part of this project by supwell as the pumps, he said.

Also to be implemented in the nking water to several regions of the country, according to WSC Director Yassin Al Kayed.

Coming months is a project to supply a cluster of villages near the town of Wadi Seer in the west of Amman. The project eotails dri-Iling three arresian wells at Rajeb and then pumping the water to the

> Mr. Kayed referred in his inerview to the close cooperation between WSC on the one hand and the Jordan Valley Authority and the Natural Resources Authority to ensure the adequate supply of water to all regions in the COUNTRY

A coordination committee rep-

AMMAN (J.T.) - The British

trade weekly magazine Flight Int-

ernational carried an Alia. The

Royal Jordanian Airline TriStar

on its May 21, 1983 front cover to

accompany a cover story on

correspondent David Learmont's

attendance at the Alia-MIT con-

ference on regionalism held last

The three-page article describes the effons of Alia Chairman Ali

Ghandour and others to enc-

ourage regional cooperation

among Arab carriers, the factors

which effect its possible success

and the main themes of the con-

ference held in Amman. as well as

some highlights on the new 'Jueen

Alia International Airport.

'Arab Reginnalism' prompted by

British air trade weekly

focuses on Alia meeting



Yassin Al Kayed

water needs of various regions and then agrees drill artesian wells and lay the necessary pipes. Vir. Kayed

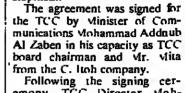
The WSC is currently supplying remote rural regions with water by truck which is a very costly pra-

Kuwait-based Arab Fund for ctice. Therefore the WSC together with the other corporations is con-Economic and Social Devsidering more cost effective means resenting the three corporations of supplying those regions with water, he said.

Cubic's Combat Classroom

The cover of Flight International

magazine featuring on Alia Fri-



Following the signing cer-emony. TCC Director Mohthat the project will enable Jordan to make direct contacts with countries in the Arab World and neighbouring regions.



TCC to increase its international ammad Shahed Ismail told the communications channels and will Jordanian News Agency. Petra expand the work of its international switching centre, he

The ARABSAT satellite, is scheduled to be launched by the The project will also enable middle of 1984.

Jordan to attend human rights seminar in Italy

Japanese firm

station contract

AMMAN (J.T.) — An agreement was signed here

Sunday between the Telecommunications Cor-

poration (TCC) and the Japanese company C. Itoh-

for the construction of a new ground satellite station

which will receive signals from the ARABSAT - a

satellite to be launched by the Arab Satellite Com-

gets satellite

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan will will be devoted to subjects conrights which is to open oo Sept. 7 in the Italian city of San Remo. President of the Jordanian National Red Crescent Society, said.

Dr. Ahmad Abu Qoura will attend the four-day seminar, which from throughout the world,

take part in a seminar on human octted with the work of Red Cross and Red Crescent societies around the world and humanitarian work io general.

Taking part in the seminar will be specialists on human rights

PAEDIATRIC CLINIC OPENING

Brigade officers visit display

AMMAN (Petra) — The com-mander of the King Abdullah lbn them.

They reviewed an exhibition of ict the history of the establishment

photographs of the late King of the Transjordan Emirate.

Chamber of Commerce board

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordanian international conferences and

ievements the national committee resents business interests on the

to the ICC. and its endeavours to ter greater freedom of int-

issues 1982 annual report

The npening of his clinic in

Duty hours: 8:30 - 13:30 p.m. 15:30 p.m. - 18:30 p.m. ,

DR. WADDAH YUSSEF AL ODAT PAEDIATRICIAN

French Loise Pastor University graduate; Jordan Medical Council lic-

Al Safadi Mosque.

Clinic telephone no. 36955 Home telephone no. 30238

INVITATION FOR PREQUALIFICATION OF **BUILDING CONTRACTORS FOR** THE FIFTH EDUCATIONAL PROJECT SCHOOL BUILDINGS

The Ministry of Education intends to announce tendering of school building project of the fifth educational project on the fourth quarter of 1983.

These schools are 18 in number, the area of each school varies from (4000) s.m. to (12400) s.m. and the total area is (120000) s.m.

The government tenders directorate invites contractors willing to participate, whether local contractors or contractors from the member countries of the World Bank in addition to Switzerland and Taiwan obtain prequalification forms from the tenders directorate, observing the following qualification conditions:-

Types of firms

a- Local contractors who are classified in the (general) nr (first) degree in buildings, or who can complete and submit their prequalification forms before Aug. 10th, 1983 (according to the new regulations).

Local firms formed by a foreign contractor in joint venture with a local partner. Every partner will be qualified separately, and the participation of the local partner in technical, administrative, capital and other factors shall be considered.

Foreign firms: It is intended to prequalify about (12) firms and not necessarily the absolute best firms, considering the sizes of the buildings of the project.

Prequalification considerations:
1. Competent local contractors shall be given preference when studying financial affers on other types of firms, because af expected revenues on the national economy, and differences in income taxes and fees and employment of local engineers, technicians and labour.

2. At time of awards of tenders for prequalified firms, the following guiding figures of max. total areas are to be considered:-

considered:-

- Local Contractor, classified as general - 40000 s.m. - Local contractor, classified as first degree - 20000

- Fnreign contractor, - 40000 s.m. (max).

Timing

1. Prequalification forms may be obtained starting on July 6th, 83 and till Aug. 3rd, 1983.

2. Last date for submittal of prequalification forms is Aug.

24th 1983 at 2.00 p.m.

Submission shall be at the government tenders directorate.

Director.

Govt. Tenders Directorate

Alia: The Royal Jordanian Airline

QUICK REFERENCE TIMETABLE SUMMER 1983 EFFECTIVE 01 JULY 1983

From AMMAN

LOCAL TIME

. DAYS AC		GHT RJ	OEP TIME	ARR. TIME
ABU DHABI 4 5 7 1 6 3	72S 707 L15 72S L15	608 608 608 602 602	1950 1950 1950 1950 2030 2030	00351 00351 00351 01151 01151
AMSTERDAM 4 7	747 74M	261 261	1100 1100	*1600 *1600
AQABA 1 3 4 5 6 7 2 4 5 7	72S 707 72S	300 300 302	· 0700 0700 1500	0745 0745 1545
ATHENS 1 4 2 5	72S L15	139 137	1115 1130	*1440 *1505
BAGHDAD 2 3 4 6 7	L15 72S	B12 B12	2015 2015	§2345 §2345
IAHŘAIN 5 7	707 72\$	605 605	1940 1940	2310 2310
SANGKOK ? 7	747	180	2130	11001
EIRUT . 234567	72\$	401	1845	2015
ELGRADE	L15	117	1200	*1545
RUSSELS 6	L15	188	1215	*1900
UCHAREST	728	173	1145	*1545
CAIRO 7 2 3 4 5 6 2 3 4 5 6 7 2 3 4 6 7 2 3 4 5 7	L15 728 L15 728 728 728 728 L15	501 501 503 503 505 507 507	0445 0445 1130 1130 1430 2030 2030	\$0715 \$0715 \$1400 \$1400 \$1700 \$2300 \$2300
CASABLANCA 8 8	707	343	1115	1655
OPENHAGEN S	L15	137	1130	*1936
PAMASCUS	707 72\$ 72\$	241 241 243	0615 0615 1930	§0615 §0615 §2130
HAHRAN 2 3 7	L15 72\$	806 804	1915 1915	2215 2215
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ect" his secretary of state back here, so soon.

and just because Mr. Shultz is around.

indeed produce positive results.

in the Bekaa.

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Shultz, this time around

UNITED STATES Secretary of State George Shultz'projected visit to the Middle East this week implies that U.S. eovoy Philip Habib is stuck in his present mission aimed at moving things forward on the question of Lebanon. But beyond that, the White House may have just struck golden new ideas to present to the Arabs and Israelis, for the American president to "dir-

When he arrives, Mr. Shultz will find a Middle East situation considerably different from that he left in May. The Lebaoese-Israeli withdrawal agreemeot he engineered during his shuttle diplomacy two mooths ago is nearly dead-or is ink on paper at best. The Arab mood, towards peace initiatives and peace-making generally is gloomier, and the Israelis are likely to be less receptive to oew American proposals on whatever

Admittedly, we do oot know what the U.S. secretary of state will be bringing with him. We do oot know what countries he is going to visit, and how long he may stay. But, it is not hard to tell that Mr. Shultz will have a harder task trying to sell American diplomacy in this region this time around.

Upon hearing the oews of the secretary's visit, the Israelis immediately started to speculate that Washington might have received a message from Damascus signalling a softer Syrian position on the Lebanese-Israeli accord. And they may be right. The Syrians, for their part, have not said anything on the visit but it is highly unlikely that President Assad would drop his opposition to the Lebanon agreement in return for nothing

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

THE TRUCE between the warring factions in the Bekaa Valley

broke down thus proving that the agreement was not worth the

mediation efforts put into it. Both parties know that their clashes

weakened them, and they declare that they are in favour of solving

their differences through democratic dialogue. They also stress that

they are seriously concerned for the unity and integrity of Palestinian

for maintaining Palestinian unity and sparing the fighters' precious

blood. It seems that such a factor is not given sufficient consideration.

and that there exists a side that is only interested in heightening

tensions to a point of no return, ft is worthwhile wondering why

mediation efforts are leading nowhere, and whether enough att-

ention is being paid to the time issue with regard to this crucial crisis

The Arab masses have no other means to resort to except app-

ealing to the warring factions to resolve their differences through

dialogue rather than via armed assaults. The recent re-eruption of

armed clashes shows that those fighting in Al Bckaa are not res-

ponding constructively to the yearnings of the masses, and are in fact

THE PALESTINE Liberation Organisation (PLOt Executive

Committee's special mission to Syria arrived in Damascus Saturday

after a 24-hour delay. The mission aims to solve the inter-Fateh

differences in the Bekaa Valley, and to initiate a Palestinian-Syrian

dialogue. The integrity of the PLO and the independence of the

The early departure from Damascus of the Saudi-Algerian med-

iation mission had aroused fears that the Syrians were reluctant to

show any signs of cooperation in order to settle inter-Palestinian

hostilities or to reassess their relations with the Fateh leadership.

Hence, the arrival of the PLO mission will be a crucial test of Syria's intentions towards the issue, and the outcome of the mission's talks in Damascus will be the last chance for the Syrian government to revise its stance towards the dispute, to which it has contributed con-

If Damascus is serious about its declared concern for Palestinian unity and the cause in general, then duty calls for a more positive attitude towards the talks that should result in the maintenance of

Palestinian unity and independence. The mission, which comprises

PLO Executive Committee members had been formed to reconcile

the warring parties and improve PLO's relations with Syria. Since

Syria is talking of confronting the Zionist enemy, it is a priority for

such a stance to be preceded by strengthening ties with the PLO and

Sawt Al Shaab: Commission means business

THE PALESTINE Liberation Organisation [PLO] Executive

Committee chose to reject the idea of conflict with Damascus when it

formed a representative mission to go to Damascus to settle their

differences. The tragedy of these inter-Arab differences and disputes

must bave been in the background when such a decision was made.

Hence, the PLO commission is serious about not only solving the

inter-Fateh hostilities, but also about secking means to re-establish

The absence of dialogue among Arabs so as to settle such disputes

has cost them dearly. The last tragic aspects of such a problem have

resulted in the spilling of Palestinian blood in clashes between the

Fatch comrades-in-arms. The Palestinian moves should be res-

ponded to positively and responsibly by Syria in order to settle a

Palestinian-Lebanese relations on more solid grounds.

Palestinian decision-making machinery are its main directive.

gradually alienating themselves from the people.

Al Dustour: Test of Syrian intentions

We have frequently pointed out that the time factor is a key reason

Al Ra'i: Lack of a constructive response

Jordan Press Foundation,

DE FACTONOMICS

Experiencing the ILO conference from within

Board of Directors: The 69th session of the Int-TUMA A HAMMAD ernational Labour Conference RAJA ELISSA (ILC) which concluded in MOHAMMAD AMAD: Geneva two weeks ago. was not merely a conventional one MAHMOUD AL KAYED for Jordan. The Jordanian delegation played a very effective role in the conference itself as well as in the Arab. Asian and other group meetings. They were deeply involved in a lot of

> lobbying and discussions. The viinisier of Labour. head of the Jordanian tripartite delegation, chaired meetings of the Arab delegations which concentrated on ways and means of presenting and defending a resolution before ILC condemnation of Israeli expansionist policies, settlements and discrimination against

behind-the-scene contacts.

Arab workers in the occupied

Disagreements between Arab "moderates" and "radicals" ware more vocal in this session than the previous one. The redious task of the chairman was always to manage the meetings and gear the debare lowards rational and orderly conclusions. He performed this task with exceptional skills and hammered down excessive reactions which would have reflected badly on the position of the Arab group in the conference.

The Jordanian delegation managed also to harness considerable support and votes for its candidate for the chairmanship of the risky and complex Resolutions Commintee of the conference.

The industrialised Western delegations resisted the possibility of giving this post to an Arab in the light of the Arab resolution which is usually debated by the committee and out of the frustration of the committee's complete failure of last year. Again, the Jordanian chairman of the Resolution Committee conducted its work in accordance with the standing orders of the ILO. presented its report to the conference and was praised by representatives of all groups for the handling of the com-

mittee's fifteenth sittings. The Jordanian delegation contributed to the success of the conference in accordance with a well-studied and calculated positions. It did not lose balance even when provoked or in difficult moments. When the Arab resolution was not adopted by the conference. due to the well-played trick of lack of quorum, the head of the Jordanian delegation spoke to the conference expressing appreciation to the large number of delegates who gave their support and promised that this issue will be followed up next

In these situations, it is difficult for a writer to deprive his own country of the credit that others have generously acknowledged. Thus, in the Asian group which the Arab counuries in West Asia joined a year ago. the Jordanian delegation helped in smoothing out the problems facing the conclusion of a protocol necessary for allocating the ILO. governing body seats among the Asian sub-regions. The handing of the chairmanship from Iran to Iraq was also conducted satisfactorily by Jordan.

Through active par-

ticipation, the Jordanian del-

egation learned that these

posts in International Conferences, particularly of the ILO. are not only honorary ones. This can make a great difference, not for the delegate or his country alone, but more so far the event itself. It was clear that the control

of the ILO enjoyed by the Western industrialised countries is more harmful to the ILO's work and future than the pos-

sibility of mishandling its meetings by a delegate from developing countries. The ILO rules of procedure appear much more awkward when one has to see to it that they are always observed and becomes obliged to make his own interpretations.

The Jordanian delegation has demonstrated its viewpoint that the Arab group has to be involved in the ILO conference inner circles, and preferably by delegates from a moderate country, in order to expect a rational and orderly participation of all Arab delegates. Experiencing the ILO conference from within was very interesting and educational. It ptation of repetitions in the future.

So, where, lo this situation, is the opening for Mr. Shultz to oudge thiogs forward and get all ooo-Lebanese forces to withdraw from Lebanon? There isn't, we think, and that is why only new American ideas, not only on Lebanon but on the Palestinian problem as a whole, could do at this stage. Unless Mr. Shultz has them for this visit, it is futile to hope that his tour in the Middle East will

Guate mala way short of crushing guerrillas

By Bernd Debusmann

GUATEMALA CITY — A year after Guatemala's army launched a "final offensive" against leftwing guerrillas, it appears nowhere near its aim of crushing the insurgent movement once and for

But Western military experts say the Guatemalans have succeeded where the U.S.-backed army in neighbouring El Salvador failed. They have put the guerrillas onto the defensive. narrowed their popular support, and exposed many of their supply rou-

With international attention focused on El Salvador, the war in Guatemala has been little noticed despite its brutality. We are fighting a dirty war. said a government official. That

goes for both sides, the subversives and the military. There is no early solution".

The army's counterinsurgency campaign has been watched with keen interest by the United States. which feels that Guatemala. Central America's most populous and resources-rich country, occupies a location of prime geopolitical importance.

Bordering on Mexico's rich southern oilfields. Guatemala plays a ' key role in Washington's worstcase scenario under which leftist revolution spread from Nicaragua and El Salvador to Guatemala. Mexico and finally the United States uself.

'Scorched earth' tactics

The Guatemalan army's counter-insurgency campaign blends ruthless "scorched earth" tactics with the establishment of strategic hamlets and civic action programmes designed to win popular allegiance among the Indian peasants who make up half the

country's 7.5 million population. But the key element in the campaign has been terror. Sheer terror." said a European diplomat here. "The Indian population is being laught, at great cost, that support for the guerrillas invites

merciless retribution". President Efrain Rios Montt says that behind every guerrilla there are 10 supporters - and the army has acted accordingly.

According to international human rights organisations, thousands of civilians have been killed in the army's effort to deny the

insurgents shelter and support in the rural highlands.

In the first few months of a campaign run under the motto-"rifles and beans." the Central American equivalent of guns and butter, the army succeeded in boxing the guerrillas into Guatemala's northwestern coroer, diplomats here report.

But recently, the guerrillas have hit government targets in the central province of Chimaltenango and police in the capital itself report increased "subversive activity", including kidnappings and robberies to finance the insurgent movement

Subversion is strong?

"The Communists are recovering," said an Interior Ministry official. "They are down, but not

Gen. Rios Montt. in contrast to a string of earlier statements that the war was all but over, said in June: "The subversion is strong." A chief instrument in the gov-

crament's war bas been "civil defence pairols" made up of villagers armed with obsolete rifles, clubs and machetes. Membership is compulsory.

"Our civil defence patrols now

number about 500.000." presidential spokesman Goozalo Asturias said. "Our army stands at 20,000. The combination is suc-

cessful". Both the army's increased presence in the rural highlands and the civil defence units have come under fire from the Roman Catholic Church, to which most Guatemalans belong.

'The progressive militarisation of the country... is causing us serious concern," said a pastoral letter issued by Guatemala's Roman Catholic bishops in June.

'It is our duty to refer to the problem of the civil defence patrols whose number has considerably increased. This is an imposed service

which draws exclusively on pea-sants and Indians who are exposed to the risk of losing their lives for lack of adequate training.

The pastoral letter also objected to "continued massacres." disappearances and what it termed deplorable abuses of power by government authorities.

The Guatemalan army, rated as the most effective in Central America, is facing a combined guerrilla force estimated at 4.000 including rebels who have been fighting for more than 20 years.

Guatemalan sources familiar with the insurgent movement say the biggest group, the Guerrilla Army of the Poor (EGP), has the Spanish conquest in 1524. been hardest hit in the counterinsurgency drive.

The military structure of two other movements, the Guatemalan Workers (Communist) 3disparity in wealth and the Ira-Party (PGT) and the Rebel Armed Forces (FAR) was largely untouched although their fighters favour of revolution, more impwithdrew to remote areas along oriant than the assault rifles. rocthe Mexican border to evade army

pressure. The Organisation of People in Arms (ORPA) -- the only group without an expressly Marxist programme -- bas gained strength both politically and militarily. the

sources say. Guerrilla groups unite

In February last year, the four groups formed the Guatemaian National Revolutionary Unity (URNG), a coordinating body with a broad programme which calls for an end to social, economic

and racial inequality. Such demands have great appeal in a country where the top five per cent of the population receives almost two thirds of the national

The country's Indians have been at the bottom of the social and economic ladder ever since when the Spaniards used Indian slaves to support an export eco-

nomy based on cacao and indigo. The guerrillas say that the vast 'ditional discrimination against Indians are powerful arguments in ket launchers and light mottars with which URNG forces are fig-

hting the government. It is an assessment shared by a minority of government officials as well as the leadership of the right-of-centre Christian Democratic Party which feels that there can be no military solution to the

war. Guatemala's hard-line rightists. who have long dominated political life here, disagree.

"You cannot wage war and pursue reforms at the same time." said Mario Sandoval, leader of the powerful National Liberation Movement.

"They are trying this in El Salvador and getting nowhere. What we must do is smash the terrorists first and then start reforms. But. slowly, step by step".

Cuba presence remains key factor in Namibian talks

By Sidney Weiland Reuter

LONDON - African leaders fear a six-year effort to bring independence to Namibia (South West Africa) may be running out of steam, with possibly dangerous consequences.

Senior Western officials also think Western-sponsored diolomacy could break down unless agreement is reached soon on withdrawal of Cuban troops from neighbouring Angola.

This is the only big issue holding up an independence package for Africa's last major white-ruled dependency, now controlled by South Africa in defiance of repeated United Nations rulings.

African diplomais say they have warned the West of the risks involved for the continent's stability if there is no serious progress in the next few months.

by last Christmas to supervise eleetions and a gradual handover.

Stalemate unbrocken

Six months later, a stalemate over the Cuban troops remains unbroken. Some officials think the preparatory work already done could unravel if there is no breakthrough by the end of 1983.

While U.S. officials say they are still optimistic that a deal can be struck, others involved in a fivenation Western "contact group" have become increasingly gloomy in recent weeks.

The contact-group gov-Britain. Canada. France and West Germany have worked largely behind the scenes since early 1978 to put a sell-rule formula together.

With most constitutional issues settled, the effort has focused since last year on U.S. neg-Western governments were otiations aimed at parallel whconfident only a year ago that a hdrawal of 20,000 to 25,000 Cubsettlement was within grasp and ans who came to Angola after the U.S.-Angolan talks on the Cuban

that U.N. troops would be there country won independence from Portugal in 1975. Both the U.S. and South Africa

say the Cuban presence is des-tabilising, and that a Namibian settlement would be incomplete and vulnerable so long as they stayed in Africa. Guerrillas of the South West

Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO) use Angola as a springboard for raids into Namibia. and South African troops have crossed frequently into southern Angola in pursuit.

The Marxist government of Angola says it needs the Cubans to protect it against South Africa. Foreign Minister Paulo Teixeira ernments of the United States. Jorge says it would be "political suicide" for Angola to let them go before South Africa withdraws from Namibia.

> South Africa and Angola have held two meetings since last December on a ceasefire and creation of a border buffer zone.

> But plans for a third meeting have been delayed, and separate

issue - labelled "very delicate" by American participants - have also slowed down since a senior Angolan minister visited Washington in April.

"If nothing happens by the end of the year, the effort could collapse." a high-ranking European contact-group official said in a recent interview in New York. But a senior U.S. Africa expert.

in another interview, reported a "significant amount of movcment" on the Cuban question. and other issues, and predicted there could be major developments.

Other U.S. diplomats have since said they hope U.S.-Angolan and South African-Angolan talks will be resumed by . July.

Although other members of the. contact group have backed American efforts to get a simultaneous Cuban withdrawal. Canada and France have been openly sceptical of attempts to link this directly

with a Namibian settlement. U.N. executive, who is weighing a The linkage has also been str- visit to Africa, can do much in the the foreign policy field.

ican leaders, although they concede privately that a Cuban pullout may be the only way to get South Africa to end its 68vear-control of Namibia, a onetime German colony.

SWAPO sceptical

SWAPO leader Sam Nujoma questioned whether the five Western nations were still acting as honest brokers, and whether the contact group had outlived its use-

Namibia, an arid mineral-rich region the size of France and West Germany combined, is the last. African foreign dependency apart from five tiny Spanish outposts in North Africa.

The Security Council last month directed U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar to begin new talks on Namibia and to report back by Aug. 31 on the results.

Western officials doubt the

en wously denounced by black Afr- time available, but they hope he can use his influence to help speed up U.S. and South African negotiations with Angola.

> Western effort could spur renewed violence. SWAPO has fought an intermittent bush war in Namibia for

Like African leaders, many bel-

ieve an abrupt breakdown of the

17 years, tying down thousands of South African troops. Last month tension increased.

following a bomb attack by guerrilla bases in Mozambique. The protracted delay over a

Namibian solution has spawned "a great sense of frustration among Africans, which could be reflected in increasing violence." according to a European diplomat in close touch with the negotiations.

He says another reason for concern is that the U.S., the pacesetter on Namibia, will be involved next year in a presidential election and this could limit the Reagan administration's reach in

problem that is threatening irreversibly dangerous consequences for both Syria and the Palestinians. The blood spilt in the Bekaa Valley is so precious that every effort possible should have and should now be made to rally all Arab forces to face the real enemy and to liberate the holy Agsa and the occupied Arab territories.

Plain Tiger (Danaus Chr-

ysippus) in caterpillar stage.

tero is almost wholly tropical.

The ghors are full of plants and

wildelife which are found nowhere

else so far north. Among the but-

terfly fauna are three of special

interest: the Blue Spotted Arab

[Colous phisadial the Golden

Arab (Colotis chrysonome), and

the Arabian Sapphire (Epamera

glaucus). All feed on the tropical

plants which are found only in the

ghors. Duite recendy in geological

time, possibly only Rullul years

ago, the climate was milder and

wetter in Jordan, and many more

tropical species were found then.

However, with the increasing ari-

dity which favoured the desert-

adapted species, most have bec-

In addition to resident tropical

igratory tropical species also

species, a number of more or less

inhabit Jordan, at least on a tem-

porary basis. While they can und-

oubtedly survice in Jordan for

years, they probably need rei-

nforcement from time to time to

avoid extinction. Some of these

tropical species breed in the Jor-

dan Valley, the most spectacular

of which is the Plain Tiger (Dan-

aus chrysippus). In addition to as

beauty and large size, it is of great

interest from several other asp-

ects. The Plain Tiger invades Leh-

anon from Jordan in some years

and may then breed in coastal dis-

tricts, but it survives permanendy

brightly coloured caterpillars are

noisonous and distasteful to hirds

and small mammals. The colour

pattern, a warning, is meant to

advertise this fact; do not touch, it

says. The poisons are derived from

the milkweed plants (Asc-

heart poisons and the digestion of

In tropical countries, many edi-

ble butterflies are near copies of

Plain Tigers have a very int-

ricate courtship display, which fol-

lows a strict ritual that lasts for the

btter part of half an hour. If a male

makes one wrong move, he must

During one of the phases, the

male-must powder the female with

some special scent particles - a

love dust - which smell agreeable

to humans as well. The necessary

chemicals to synthesise this love

dust is not available in the food

plant of the caterpillar or in the

nectar which the adult hutterfly

sips. Accordingly, the male Plain

Tiger must immediately try to find

a few obscure plants which contain

the necessary substances and suck

them up especially for this pur-

start again from the beginning.

kill a mouse.

The Tiger butterflies and their

only in the Jordan Valley.

ome extinct.

Written and photographed by Torben B. Larsen

Why should anyone wish to study the butterflies of Jordan?

As someone who has visited the country several times to do just that, I can say quite simply that Jordan's butterflies not only are interesting but also help in providing answers to many a scientific puzzle. This is not because Jordan has butterflies which are unique to the country; it does not. Nor is Jordan particularly rich in butterflies; there are about 75 species, half those of Lebanon a few hundred kilometres to the north.

What does make the Jordan butterflies worth studying is the unusual overall composition of the fauna. Jordan lies at the extreme southern limit of the temperate (Palaearctic) zone and at the extreme northern end of the African irnnical zone. In addition, there are species uniquely adapted to the sub-desert areas of the eastern and southern parts of the country. and no less than fourteen species found in Jordan do not penetrate Lebanon.

Because the butterflies of Jordan were little known. I decided to devote some time to their study after the publication of my book on the butteflies of Lebanon in 1974. My Jordan expedition turned out to be a very pleasant enterprise, very different from the tale of hardships suffered by early collectors.

The splendid road network from Ramtha and Irbid in the north to Amman and the Dead Sea in the middle, and from Petra in Ma'an and Agaba in the south. makes it possible to prospect the entire country comfortably in a

It was a different matter fifty years ago. One of the first butterfly collectors in Jordan was Captain L.K. Lockhart of the Transjordan Frontier Force, in which he served between 1926 and 1928. His commanding officer Lt. Col Bewsher and Mrs. Bewsher also collected specimens, but Lockhart's collection was much more scientifically important:

Thus, the first land only! firm record of sighting the Two-Tailed Pasha (Charaxes jasius) is found in Captain Lockhart's diary: "Oct. 7th [1927]: Marched along south side of Wadi Kafringi along the very bad single file track. So poor that two baggage camels fell over the kud! And we had problems with the leading Hotchkiss gun ponies... We emerged on the plain .. of the Ghor... and saw a magnificient specimen of Charaxes jasius for the first time in this country." Captain Lockhart missed it. despite a foot chase of half a kilometre, his leitenant following on needed.



Two-tailed Pasha (Charaxes jasius)

Some 511 years later: I was able I found a few further specimens in to negotiate the Wadi Kafringi in a the collection of the University of saloon car, though admittedly it was not the easiset of drives. But I did not see Charaxes jasius.

The first Jordanian butterflies to reach scientists, though, were collected a few years earlier by that great English Arabist. H. St. John Philby. At the time, he was Representative to Transjordan of the United Kingdom High Commissioner to Palestine, and both he and Lockbart held positions which allowed them to travel extrensively in the country - though the colonial stiff upper lip somctimes interefered with collecting.

On the 12th and 13th of March الاجرال Lockhart and Bewsher saw the lovely False Apollo IArchon apollinus) on the hills south of Amman, hut "official duries made collecting impracticable oo either day and it is therefore impossible to determine to what subspecies Transjordan apollinus is refcrable." I collected the species five decades later in the same general area and as suspected by Lockhart, the subspecies was the same as in Lebanon.

Three main groups

The Jordan butterflies belong to three main groups: the temperate species of Europe and Asia: the desert adapted species; and the propical species, mainly allied to the African propies. Most of the species are of temperate origin and this group is seen to its best advantage in spring and early summer in the rolling hills around Jerash and Ajlun, especially in small river valleys with a profuse growth of nectar-rich flowers. On a fine day in late April or early May, it is possible to find as many as half the butterflies known in

The finest of them is probably the Swallowtail [Papilio machaon), with its fast and graceful flight. This is a widespread species in Europe, temperate Asia and North America. In fordan, it is most common north of Amman. but it may found as far south as the Ras al Nagab area, where they whirl about the barren hilltops which afford such a magnificent long-distance view of Wadi Rum

The False Apollo, which Lockhart and Bewsher failed to catch. is another beauty. It is not nearly as widespread as the Swallowtail. being effectively limited to the there is little foliage on the plants "lepiadaceael on which the catwiddle East - from eastern Gre- and the eaterpillars start to wan- urpillars feed. They are strong ece and Bulgaria, south to Jordan and east to Irao.

Another beautiful temperate butterfly is the Mediterranean Mediterranean. The Brimstone of northern Europe is all yellow -widely considered to be responsible for the word butterfly: the Mediterranean species has a lovely orange flush on the for-

Of the temperate species, the most unexpected butterfly found in Jordan so far is the Arduinna Fritillary (Melitaea arduinna). which was caught by Philby near Salt in 1926. It is a scarce species found in Bulgaria. Turkey. Iraq. Iran and perhaps reaching Afghanistan; but it is missing in Lebanon and Syria. Althogh Philby's specimens are present in the collection of the British Museum in London. I was inclined to think that perhaps some error of mislabelling had been made. But no ...

Jordan, also caught at Salt exactly 51 years and 363 days after Phi-

lby's. So there is no doubt that a splendidly isolated colony of this. butterfly does exist at Salt, while it has become extinct elsewhere between the Turkish Taurus and Jordan. There must be something special about the air at Salt? Several of the temperate but-

terfly species in Jordan penetrate no further south than Madaba. though others extend to the Ras Al Nagabor Petra. As soon as you move into the desert regions their numbers also diminish rapidly. A dozen kilometres into the arid lands east of Zarqa and there are virtually none, although a few maintain a foothold in the wetlands of the Azraq oasis.

The desert fauna is very different indeed. It consists of a few species which are specially adapted to desert life. The Desert White (Pontia glauconome) is a good example. It was first collected by Captain Lockhart near the lovely eighth-century Omayyad castles in the desert east of Amman and I have subsequently found it near Wadi Rum.

Early stages

When the young caterpillar hatches, it is immediately picked up by an ant and taken into the nest. Here it feeds on young ants or on the eggs of ants. Since ants are able to store food in their nests. they are not dependent on the vagaries of desert rainfall and can survive years of drnught. And the Leopard butterflies prnfit.

But why do the ants permit the butterfly caterpillars to pillage their brond? The reason is that the caterpillar has a special honey gland which exudes a liquid much prized by the ants. Considering that the caterpillar cats hundreds of young ants before it is fully grown, it would seem that the ants get the worse of the bargain,

Antother adaptation to desert life is found in the Zephyr Blue (Plebeius pylaon philhyi), Its catcroillar feeds on a spiny desert Astragalus. The females carefully lay only one egg on each branch of the plant, so brothers and sisters of this species normally never meet till they hatch as adults: each grazes peacefully on its allotted branch.

In years of drought, however. der off in search of food. Then they do meet; and when this happens, the larger caterpulars will cat the smaller and weaker. Can-Brimstone (Gonepteryx ele- nibalism at its worst? Not so. Ratopatra), which is quite common in her, it is cannibalsim at its best. Jordan and through most of the This type of behaviour ensures that in years of disaster at least a few of the most vigornus specimens will survive until the next. hopefully better year: otherwise all might have died from sta-

rvation. The third group of butterlfies in Jordan consists of those whose origins lie in the tropical zones of Africa. Just as many of the temperate zone species reach their absolute southern limits in Jordan. so the impical species often reach their northernmost point in Jor-

Many of the tropical butterflies are more or less migratory and may reach Lebanon and Syria, but several are resident in the Jordan Valley. Even here they are limited to the ghors (valleys) of the Dead Sea area where the vegetation pat-

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Ants share their brood

It is a typical member of the Whites lone of the main butterfly families) in most respects, but it has one crucial adaptation. All butterflies start life as an egg. which hatches into a caterpillar -a virtual cating machine which turns the leaves of the food-plants into the tissues which will form the adult butterfly. The butterfly is formed inside

the pupa which develops when the caterpillar is fully grown. Usually the butterfly hatches from the pupa more or less immediately. though some species may spend the cold winter months as pupae and only emerge in spring. The Desert White, however, may have to and can spend several years as a pupa, waiting for the day when rain will make a new erop of food plants grow. Considering that the pupa sits quite exposed in the desert and weighs but a few grammes. this is a remarkable but necessary

achievement. The Leopard Butterflies (genus Apharitis) are also desert specialists, two of which are found in Jordan. They manage to survive by doing away with the dependence on plants altogether. The female lays her eggs near the entry hole of an ant's nest.

Migratory butterflies

Unosidering that Jordan is suuated at the extreme end of two of the main zoogeographical zones, it is hardly surprising that a significant proportion of its buttertlies are more or less migratury. The purpose of inigration in butterflies seems to be to ensure that some tertile specimens of the migrant species are present wherever breeding is possible. It is an opportunistic, nomadic survival straregy, which is almost the complete opposite of the extreme specialisation of some of the desert

In lordan, the migrant hutterfly par excellence is the Painted Lady Vanessa cardui). It may sound inprohable, but it has been reliably estimated that in one spring no less than three billion invaded southern Ualifornia, Aligrant flocks of millions are commonplace, though lew are adequately documented. In April 1926, huge flights nec-

a few Plain Tigers is sufficient to radiators of mutor cars were blo- butterflies.

lorer who is the author of Butterflies of Lebanon (Beruit, 1917-). suffed in talestine and Tra-lus made two sundriours in Jordan nsjordan. "so numerous that the and has written a nonograph on its

reels of Agaha.



pose. If he does not his success in Arabian Sapphire (Epamera glaucus)

Randa Habib's

cked." Sometimes so many eggs

are laid that the emerging cat-

erpillars exhaust their food sup-

The late Trevor Trought, who

was for a time director of the Deir

Alla Agricultural Research Sta-

tion in the Jordan Valley, wrote in

his unpublished diaries: "April 7.

1952: There was a most surprising

migration of walking caterpillars.

large and small. They were cru-

shed under toot, drawned in irr-

igation trickles, climbed high on

walls and door jambs." A spell of

extreme heat had dried many of

the food plants, forcing the cat-

erpillars to seek new pastures.

Under these conditions, they will

car plants on which they normally

do not leed, and there are records

of damage caused to fields of toh-

enormous distances. The Painted

Lady has been captured in Jee-

land, and there is no reason why

the specimens caught there should

nnt have come from Jordan. The

documented world record for mig-ration, though, is held by the

vionarch (Danaus plexippus), a close relative of the Plain Figer. A

specimen was marked in Untario.

Canada in autumn and refound in

the winter mosts in Mexico a

month later, some 5,000 kil-

ometers south. The following

spring, the very same specimen

was tound again back in Ontario.

suddenly to take an avid interest in

butterflies. I hope I've conveyed

some idea of what complex and

fascinating creatures they are.

Butterflies, in fact, are the very

frontiers of scientific research into

biochemistry, insect-plant rel-

ationships, behavioural ecolov.

insect population studies, genetics

I can also recommend to every

reader the incidental spin-offs of

research into hutterflies. During

my visits to Jordan. I have driven

many thousands of kilometres

through the paried ecological

zones of the country. Irom the lush

valleys of the north to the barsh

deserts of the south. The lan-

dscapes, the plants, the birds and

the extravagant vistas are well

worth the journey, butterflies or

no hutterflies. And I even man-

aged to throw in a couple of days

of diving off the incredible coral

Mr. Larsen, an entoenological exp-

and several other fields.

While I don't expect the reader

Migrant butterflies may travel

acco in the Jordan Valley.

Apart from jet lag

() ur new airport is as big as our pride yet around me I heard several complaints from airport employees who have expressly asked me tu voice their complaints in this corner, hoping that they will reach the cars of the responsible people.

- First complaint - the distance. Alrline and airport employees have always been given transportation allowances which were not increased. I have been told that only one airline has so far increased the allowances from JD 27 to JD 80, yet the distance is much bigger and apart from the fuel consumption it should be noted that the employee leaves his house earlier and as such is entitled to overtime

- Despite the fact that the Queen Alia International Airport is larger than the nid airport, the number of employees has not been increased, as a result the employees are overworked.

- Another source of complaint is the cost of food... ()n many occasions when flights are delayed, the employees are compelled to stay in the airport as they cannot possibly go home and come back io due time, they have to eat io the airport but the prices of meals are expensive in relation to their salaries.

- Last, restrictions un employees are more severe inside the airport, while a simple laissez-passer used to allow them access to all parts of the airport, now this same laissez passer is issued for a specific area in the airport. In case of the replacement of an employee by another, a new laissez-passer should be issued and the procedure night take several hours which is a big disadvantage.

WHO seeks ways to combat AIDS

By Claude Fillet

GENEVA - The World Health Organisation [WHO] plans to launch international efforts to comhat AIDS, a new killer disease which has spread to 16 countries.

No cure has yet been found for the acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome, known as AIDS, and the U.N. Agency wants to bring together international experts to try to control the spread of the

Since mid-1981, some 1,360 AIDs cases were recorded in the United States alone and nearly out in a further 15 countries. The discase has already killed some 520 penole, according to the U.S. Cenire for Disease Control in Atlanta.

AIDS is believed to be caused by a virus which destroys the budy's ability to fight infections. Experts say this is the first time that such deficiencies in the immune system appear to he transmissible.

The WHO plans to bring togother before the end of the year. about 20 experts including immunologists, clinicians and public health officials to discuss ways to coordinate individual countries pringrammes to fight the disease.

Prevention measures will also he discussed, as well as possible treatments and early diagnostic techniques.

At high risk are homosexual men with multiple partners, who represent some 75 per cent of AIDS victims in the United States. The disease has also struck intravenous drug abusers. Haitian immigrants and haemophiliaes: Experts say the most probable

method of transmission was through intimate contact or blood transfusion.

WHO specialists Georges Causse said it is strnngly believed the disease is eaused by a virus, "Several viruses are serious potential candidates as a cause for AIDS but none has been identified yet." he sold Reuters.

AIDS victims generally suffer loss of weight, loss of concentration and bouts of high temperature. Many of those affected developed a rare skin cancer known as Kaposi Sarcoma. Others suffered from parasitic, bacterial or viral infections.

"In 1981, there was a sudden outbreak of the rare Kaposi disease in the United States, with all cases apparently linked to one another." Dr. Causse said, adding the mortality rate ranged between 60 to 100 per cent.

The first cases were found in New York and California, but AIDS has spread to other parts of the United States and in 15 countries including Canada and some of West European states.

The assistant director for international health at the Disease Control Centre, Donald Hopkins, says more than Itteases a week are reported to the centre, mostly from the United States.

"The disease appears to be due to a transimissible agent. We assume it is a virus, but we were not able to see it on the microscope. For all we know, it may he a completely new class of microbial agents," he told Reuters.

Dr. Hopkins, who is currently attending WHO's annual meeting in Geneva, said viral infections can cause temporary deficiencies in the body's immune system, but no so profound as those found in AIDS victims.

The general public was however not at great risk, he added. The centre's figures showed some four per cent of those affected did not belong to high-risk categories.

A Teukaemia virus was found in some patients, "but this cloes not prove it was the cause of the disease." he said. "Perhaps this was another manifestation of the depressed immunity."

Virtually every AIDS victim is bound to die. "Very few of them have lived longer than two years. and none has lived more than three years." Dr. Hopkins said.

According to the centre, seven cases were found in 1979 in the United States and about 43 in 1980, rising to 213 in 1981 and to 739 last year.



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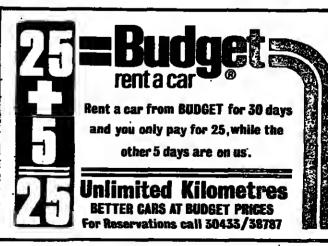
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SPORTS

McEnroe crushes Lewis, sprints to clinch title

LONDON (R) - John McEnroe. just nine points in 12 service the American second seed, gave unseeded New Zealander Chris Lewis a drubbing and an enthralled centre court a display of near-flawless tennis as he recaptured the Wimbledon men's

singles title Sunday.
The climax to the world's greatest tournament was all over in 85 minutes. McEnroc racing to a 6-2, 6-2, 6-2 victory under a hurning sun. It was a summary execution for which McEnroe received £66,600 (\$111,500).

Despite losing. Lewis described it "as the greatest day of my life". hut admitted: "He was simply in a different class." He added: "I feli my speed around the court was useless. He was just hitting cold winners and it was very frustrating."

McEnroe declared: "I feel great no question about it and certainly no feeling of anti-climax just because it was so easy,"

McEnroe, the 1981 champion. at times toyed with his 26year-old rival. Lewis, whose speed and agility helped him immensely during his run to the final, was made to look slow by the great court coverage and incredible reflexes of the American.

In the carlier rounds, notably an cpic five-set semifinal against South African Kevin Curren. Lewis's speed and stamina were the decisive lactors. But greater qualities than these were needed Sunday afternoon against the hri-

lliant McEnroe. As he did in his semifinal against Czechoslovak Ivan Lendi. McEnroe, who was appearing in his fourth successive final, again served supremely well. Thr-

But there was so much else to admire in McEnroe's game. His speed, his variations of pace and his superb touch and control, particularly on the volley, were all of the highest calibre. By the end, he was not so much playing Lewis as giving him a tennis lesson.

The match over. MeEnroe turned the famous arena into the "court of King John" at the presentation by the Duke of Kent. He beamed a huge grin -- a rare event -- as he collected the trophy which he immediately raised to his lips and kissed.

One speciator promptly popped open a bottle of champagne which he tried to pass to the newlycrowned champion but McEnroe was more interested in reading the long list of past winners engraved on the trophy. He finally succumbed to the pleas of his fans in the free standing enclosure and posed happily for pictures, smiling

and waving. Lewis, heaten in the first round of six of the 12 tournaments he played before his astonishing run to Sunday's final, showed no sign of nerves in the opening game, holding his service for the loss of

one point. But in that game, he gashed his right knee, apparently with his racket, and proceeded to lose the next 12 points as McEnroe opened a 3-1 lead. Another service break in the seventh game and VicEnroe was through the first set in 27 minutes for the loss of 13.

Again Lewis started the second set confidently, holding service to love with the help of the only ace oughout the match, he conceded of the match. He also held his next points as he raced through the

next five games. The third set was as lopsided as the previous two with Lewis gleaning a miserable 13 points from the eight games. From t-0 down. McEnroe won five games in a row and 20 points out of 24 from his tormented opponent.

In the final game. McEnroe held serve for the t2th time in the match. finishing the contest with a heautifully executed hackhand crosscourt drop volley.

No one could question Lewis's determination and commitment hut as he himself admitted: "I lost to a player who was in another

His defeat continued the unhappy record of unseeded players who have reached the Wimbledon men's final. Like Lewis, none of his seven unseeded predecessors managed to win a single set.

> Lloyd, Turnbull win mixed doubles

American Billie Jean King, five months short of her 40th hirthday. just failed to add to her record 20 Wimhledon titles when she and compatriot Steve Denton went down 6-7. 7-6, 7-5 to John Lloyd



John VicEnroe: 1983 Wimbledon

of Britain and Australia's Wendy Turnbull in the mixed douhles final on Sunday.

Ironically. King lost her service -- the only break of the match in the final game to give Lloyd and Turnbull, the second seeds, vic-

Lloyd is the first Englishman to win the mixed doubles title since Fred Perry in 1936. He and Turnhull received £12,000 (\$20,000).

Stadler wins Scandinavian Open

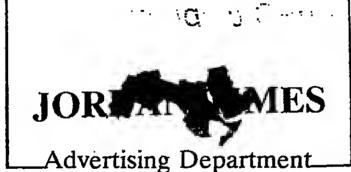
STOCKHOLM (R) - American Craig Stadler saw his hopes of a first overseas win collapse when he overshot the final green to concede the Scandinavian Open Golf Championship title to Britain's Sam Torrance here on Sunday.

Torrance, one stroke behind Stadler overnight, was level with the American coming to the last the new Ullna course.

hole. Stadler overshot the green. chipped weakly and missed from 15 feet to give the Briton victory hy one stroke. Torrance, winner of last year's

Spanish and Portuguese Open titles, fired a two-under-par 70 in the last round for a four-round total of 280, eight below par. on

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Roberts steps up championship challenge with Belgian triumph

FRANCORCHAMPS. Belgium lead for the first 13 laps of the tisan crowd by grabhing first (R) — American Kenny Roberts 20-lap race. But Roberts then place, on his Chevallier, ahead of stepped up his challenge for the lannched a spectacular assault to World 500 cc Motor Cycle Cha-mpionship on Sunday with a sup-World Championship he wants

modified Francorchamps circuit seconds put him almost 14 secon his factory Yamaha at a onds ahead at the finish, and smarecord-breaking average of shed the previous record average mpionship leader and compatriot neer last year. Freddie Spencer into second

Spencer. on a Honda, held the ier de Radigues delighted the par-

erb win in the Belgian Grand Prix. before retiring from 500 cc racing.

Roberts scorched round the His time of 5t minutes 20.88

162.234 kph to squeeze cha- speed of 160.020 kph set by Spe-Another American, Randy

Mamola, finished third on his The victory left Roberts, whose Suzuki to keep third spot in the growing confidence won him last standings. But, with 31 points sepweek's Dutch Grand Prix at arating him from second-placed Assen, just five points adrift of Roberts, the championship battle Spencer's 105 points in the 500 cc now seems a two-horse race.

In the 250 cc event Belgian Did-

the Yamaha of France's Christian

Radigues' average speed of 153.598 kph over the 16-lap course broke last year's record of 151.460 kph set by West German Manfred Mang.

Venezuela's Carlos Lavado could manage only third place, hut he still holds a comfortable 19point lead over Radigues in the world standings.

In the 125 cc race Italy's Eugenio Lazzarini, on a Garelli, beat championship leader Angel Nieto of Spain into second place. Both

men were riding Garellis. Nieto bolds a 20-point lead over

American Hayes romps to freestyle victory at World Student Games

EDMONTON. Alberta (R) -Bruce Hayes, who is among the United States' hig hopes for a clutch of Olympic swimming medals next year, romped to the 200 metres freestyle title at the World Student Games here Saturday.

The 20-year-old Californian beat class opposition in the shape of Canada's individual medley hope Alex Baumann and Soviet prospect Alexei Filonov in a games record of one minute. 51.19 seconds.

Hayes, emharking on a rigorous seven-event games challenge, sprinted past Baumann, the 200 metres medley world record holder. and the pace-setting Filonov over the last 50 metres.

His time was 1.43 seconds inside the previous games best set in Bucharest two years ago.

Hayes said: "I was surprised to win because I have concentrated on 400 and 1500 metres freestyle in the past, It was my first hig international 200 metres race, but I thought I had a chance if I was still in contention after 100 metres." Filonov was second in 1:51.90

bronze with 1:51.97. Shigehiro Takahashi of Japan followed up his games record of 1:03.95 set in the heats by cli nching the men's 100 metres aststroke title in a slower but equally comfortable 1:04.13,

Soviet hope Uriy Kis. who also

improved the games' best in his

and Baumann had to settle for the

heat, took the silver medal with Australian Peter Evans, among

the top 20 in the world over 200 metres breaststroke last year, was third in 1:04.32.

and telex operation ability.

Takahashi's impressive effort in the heats was the second fastest time in the world this year. Only Dimitry Volkov of the Soviet Union has swum faster with his national record of 1:03.08.

A powerful recovery over the return leg gave Irina Laricheva of the Soviet Union the first gold medal of the six-day swimming competition.

She turned in seventh place behind pacesetting American Ingrid Lawrence in the 100 metres freestyle final, then overhauled her rivals and touched first in 58.15

Annelies Kraus of the Netherlands was second in 58.27 and 21-year-old American discovery Tammy Thomas third with 58.45.

The Soviet squad collected their second gold medal when Irina Gerasimova ontclassed her opponents in the women's 400 metres individual medley final.

She took the lead from Italian Cinzia Savi Scarponi on the breaststroke leg and left the rest trailing in the closing freestyle dash.

Gerasimova elipped more than two and one half seconds off the games' record she had set qualifying for the final with a winning

Savi Scarponi was an out of touch second in 4:55.77 and American Christy Woolger third, a further second adrift.

Gerasimova's time was fourth best in the world this year. well outside East German Petra Schneider's world record 4:36.10 set at last year's World Championships in Ecuador.

The Soviet Union dominated the first night of the gymnastics when their men won the overall team event and world champion Yuri Korolev took the individual gold medal.

Gauthier leads Tour de France

FONTAINE-AU-PIRE, France (R) - Frenchman Jean-Louis Gauthier took the lead in the Tour de Brance Cycling race on Suiday, when his coop team won the second stage, a 100-km team timetrial, by 17 seconds.

Their victory in the leg from Soissons earned them a bonus of three minutes 45 seconds and no sted the whole coop squad into the top 10 overall placings.

Dutehman Joop Zoetemelk, 1980 Tour de France winner, is two seconds behind Gauthier, with Frenchman Pierre le Bigaut in third place. Overnight leader Erik Vanderaerden of Belgium slipped to 12th overall, 39 seconds behind Gauthier.

"Soan Kelly of Meland, Second overnight, had his chances spoiled by a crash that downed two of his team-mates. They lost 52 seconds as a team to finish sixth. Kelly is now 27th, one minute: 45 seconds

Last year Fontaine-au-Pire lost its chance to host a tour finishwhen the stage was cancelled because demonstrating steelworkers blocked the route.

Monday's third stage, a 149-km ride from Valenciennes to Rouhaix, takes in the notorious cobbled farm tracks, where the race becomes a lottery, even for the top



the first four legs of its race with victory 83 when trailing by 38 secseconds.

onds. Challenge 12 raced with a new boom against Canada I later in the afternoon and lost by 26 The Challenge 12-Canada I race was the best of the series to date with the Canadian yacht lea-

Australia II

America's Cup

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (R) —

The yacht Australia II continued

its winning streak Saturday in the

trials to determine which of seven

yachts will ehallenge the United

States for the America's Cup, the

most prestigious trophy in yac-

Racing in fog, which limited vis-

ibility to half a mile at best, Aus-

tralia II defeated Canada I by 59

econds in its first race and then

peat another Australian boat,

Advance, by three minutes and 57.

The two victories on Rhode Isl-

and sound gave Australia II a 13-1

record in the trials which began on.

June 18 and will continue into the

The potential challengers had

the waters off the Rhode Island

coast all to themselves Saturday

and completed two races over a

12-mile Olympic course in son-

thwesterly winds of 12 to 16 knots.

due to resume their own trials

until July 16 to determine the def-

The British yacht victory 83 had

the easiest time of it Saturday.

winning two races by default. It'

first won from the Australian

yacht challenge 12 and then had a

sailover when a French yacht.

France 3, dropped out with mast

Challenge 12 dropped out after

ender of the America's Cup.

The American yachts are not

first week of September.

dominates

trials

hting.

econds.

ding hy only a boat length after the first seven and one-half miles. The Canadians opened up their lead to more than a minute on the fourth leg, but the Australians came back strongly and were only four boat lengths behind at the finish.

The results of the races left Victory 38 and Challenge 12 with

10—1 records. The Italian yacht Azzurra impoved-its record to 6-7 with a come from behind. Victory over France 3 in the first race of the

The Italians made a poor start

and trailed the French yacht by more than a minute at the first turning mark. But Azzurra came hack when France 3's crew had trouble hoisting a headsail at the start of the fourth leg and then had. more trouble changing sails on the next leg.

While the French were struggling to make the change, the light blue Italian boat slipped past them.

Canada L with a victory over Challenge 12. improved its record to 5-9. France 3 is 4-10 and Advance is now 0-13.

The first races on Sunday will match Victory 83 against Australia II. Challenge 12 against Azzurra and Canada 1 against Advance. The second set will see France 3 meeting Canada I. Advance against Challenge 12 and Azzurra taking on Victory 83.

This series, called Round Rohin Series B. is to continue until July 14. Then the challenging boats will take a break from competition until July 20 when their third Round Rohin series begins.

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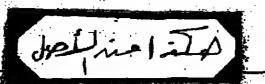
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U.S. opts out of final UNCTAD statement

Nations economic conference ended with modest results early Sunday after the United States dissociated itself from a final statement on world economic pro-

"We find the text too negative. one sided and in places too ideological to be acceptable." U.S. chief delegate Gordon Streeb told the closing session of the sixth U.N. Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD).

The U.S. also forced votes on two resolutions, on trade and compensatory financing for Third World countries' shortfalls in commodity earnings. They were passed overwhelmingly with the U.S. the only negative voter.

After nearly a month of hard bargaining between Western industrial and developing nations, the conference adopted by consensus

BELGRADE (R) - A United on aid. trade. finance, debt and of their problems. commodities.

They contained no fresh spending commitments, which the developing nations' hopes for immediate measures to boost their economies as a vital part of world recovery from the recession.

Explaining the U.S. decision Mr. Streeb said Washington was convinced economic recovery was under way and could be built on.

The U.S. supported the efforts of UNCTAD, the U.N.'s 211year-old forum for negotiations on development, to shape shared

views, he said. In late night baggling sessions, Western nations resisted Third World drafts seeking a final statement calling for reforms in the Western-dominated international economie system. which' developing countries blame for many

The final conference statement was introduced as a compromise to a planned "Belgrade dec-West rejected and fell far short of laration" that was to have been a special feature of UNCTAD-6. but on which north and south were finally unable to decide.

Mr. Streeb did not spell out to which passages of the final stanot to support the final statement: tement the U.S. delegation obj-

> But the statement specifically rejected the Western belief that reactivation of growth in developing countries could come about as a trickle-down effect of recovery in industrialised countries.

> It called for an "integrated set of policies, encompassing short term measures in areas of critical importance to developing countries and long term changes relevant to the attainment of a new international economic order."

It was clear that phrases such as and structural deficiencies of the this and criticism of existing int- institutional framework governing ernational financial institutions as international economic relinadequate had proved unacceptable to the United States,

British Trade Minister Paul Channon, speaking also for West Germany and Japan, said they reaffirmed the view of the world economy put forward by recent summits, one of non-Communist industrialised nations at Williamsburg. Virginia, and the other of the Organisation for Economic

Cooperation and Development. The three nations were encouraged that all delegations agreed, despite their differences, on the interdependence of their economies and on the special needs of the poorest countries, he said.

The spokesman of the 'group of 77" Third World bargaining unit. Abdillahi Said Osman of Somalia. said the recession had shown "the inherent inadequacies. limitations

ations.

He said Western countries had not been willing at UNCTAD-6 to make any advances from previous positions and in some areas had refused to comply with existing undertakings.

Voicing the group's deep disappointment with the conference's meagre results. Mr. Osman said: "We have missed a historic opportunity to contribute meaningfully to world development and recovery."

UNCTAD-6 ran three days over time to hammer out a package of resolutions which Mr. Osman said did not go much beyond those produced in the organisation's earlier four-yearly

They included a call for early

to boost low commodity prices. approved by UNCTAD in 1976. The conference agreed to set up an expert group on compensatory fluancing of shortfalls in com-

modity export earnings. It called on rich nations to redouble efforts to achieve the U.N. aid target of 0.7 per cent of Gross National Product by 1985, and also urged them to "respond in a positive manner" to request from individual poor countries for debt

The United States went along with most of the conference resolution on trade, but forced votes on two brief, mild clauses dealing with trade in services.

As with its objection to the item on compensatory financing, the U.S. feels these issues should be tackled in other bodies, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) or the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

Indonesia seeks foreign role in oil, gas development

JAKARTA (R) -- Indonesia welcomes foreign participation in oil and gas development because the state oil and gas company Pertamina would not otherwise be able to develop hydrocarbon resources fast enough, a high ranking Mining Ministry official said.

Director General for Oil and Gas Wivarso told an international

energy conference here that oil and gas production, currently contributing two thirds of foreign exchange earnings, should be increased "if our economie development plans are to be realised."

His statement, before Indo-Energy Conference participants made available said: "It would be ideal if one day in the future the entire industry could be 1141 per cent Indonesian

"But this is not a totally realistic expectation, at least not for some time into the future." Mr. Wiyarso said.

But in the supporting industries, he added. Indonesian participation is necessary. Mr. Wiyarso said there are still many areas of activity where foreign technology and expertise are still of great importance to

Indonesia's overall effort. "but now we seek to obtain that assistance through joint cooperation arrangements. "Such areas of activities include the maintenance and repair of complex and sophisticated machinery and equipment, drilling sup-

port activities like cementing and wire-lining, and chemical manufacturing." he said. But let me reassure you that our door is always open. Surely there are bound to be misunderstandings, difficulties and problems created by our efforts to obtain greater participation in the oil and gas

It is clear, he added, "that we still need active foreign participation in the search for and development of our hydrocarbon resources."

Zanussi struggling with losses and debts

By Andrew Hurst

PORDENONE. Italy - Zanussi. Italy's leading producer of refrigerators, cookers and washing machines, has run into stormy financial waters and may soon turn for help to outside interests, pos-

sibly the Dutch firm Philips. The company has borrowed heavily abroad to finance its expansion and is struggling to keep affoat as a result of a series of illfated ventures in televisionmaking, electronics and house-

building, senior managers said. The group's debts totalled 682 billion lire (\$454 million) at the end of last viarch after it had turned in a loss of 130 billion live (\$86.6 million) in 1982.

Speculation is rife in the Italian press that the firm may soon call in outsiders to help it overcome its problems. The reports have named Philips, the Dutch conglomerate, as a likely suitor for Zanussi, which employs nearly 30,000 people at plants in Italy

firm Thomson-Brandt has also been mentioned.

No approach made

A spokesman for Zanussi. asked to comment on the reports. said: "No approach appears to have been made to Philips but we understand that they might be prepared to consider acquiring a

minority stake in our business". Philips recently signed a letter of intent with Zanussi covering cooperation in television manufacture but a company spokesman said it had shown no clear sign of wishing to pursue the plan or extend cooperation to other

The Italian firm was founded nearly 711 years ago by Antonio boost its share of a stable market. Zanussi and has grown from a small workshop making woodburning cookers into one of Europe's leading producers of kitchen appliances with annual sales worth around \$1 billion.

Despite the speciacular growth . one." Mr. Bozzola said in an int-

and Spain. The French electronics of the company, the Zanussi family has jealously retained control and has refused to allow a flotation on the stock exchange. The lialian press has speculated that the family will announce changes in top management and open the way to outside business interests buying into the firm at the com-

pany's annual general meeting.

White goods business booms

The Zanussi Company Secretary. Giovanni Bozzola, told Reviers that Zapussi's main kitehen appliance or "white goods" business, which accounts for around 70 per cent of sales, is booming. Sales in the sector surged about 20 percent both in Italy and overseas, enabling the company to

"The European market for white goods is essentially a replacement market but there is plenty of business to be done. Once a housewife has owned a washing machine she cannot do without

Zanussi is also trying to penetrate the U.S. market where it sells its products through the Sears Roebuck store chain, although sales there are still limited.

But Mr. Bozzola said Zanussi had been carried to the brink of disaster by its costly involvement in television manufacture, the illjudged acquisition of an electrical firm and the launching of a highrisk venture in house-building.

Together these interests make up only about 15 per cent of the group's sales but the television business alone has cost Zanussi 300 billion lire (\$200 million) over the past five years in capital investment and losses.

If you read any manual on company strategy it will tell you to diversify and avoid putting all your eggs in one basket. It sounds easy but things don't always turn out quite as you had hoped." Mr. Bozzola said.

Zanussi started making black and white sets in 19611 and the business became quite profitable but

by the mid-1970s the company is the minimum required for surrealised it had fallen too far behind Japanese and West German producers who had already turned to making colour sets.

Zanussi has been unable to pull out of the television business because of pressure from the Industry Ministry, which is anxious that Italian companies should retain an interest in consumer electronics. Mr. Bozzola says.

Government rescue plan

Under a recently approved government rescue plan, a colour television venture is to be set up in which Zanussi will have a 43 per cent stake, another company, Indesit, will have around 111 per cent. with a state firm called Rel holding

Zanussi and Indesit will hive off their television production facilities into the new venture.

vir. Bozzola expressed doubts over whether the planned company would be able to sell the SIRLIBIR sets a year which he says urn to profitability.

Other sources of difficulty were loss-making electrical firm called Ducati acquired in the 1470s. described by vir. Bozzola as an unqualified disaster, and a venture in prefabricated house construction which he called an "unfortunate episode

The group has also been forced to borrow heavily on the international credit market in recent years, because of high interest raies at home but was now paying dearly because of the lira's depreciation against the dollar.

The company was very undercapitalised and badly needed an injection of new funds. Mr. Bozzola said. He did not rule out the possibility that Philips or Thomson-Brandi would acquire a stake in Zanussi in the future.

But Bozzola said the group must concentrate on its money making white goods business and act quickly to get rid of its lossmaking ventures if it wants to ret-

Mauroy: French austerity measures must continue

PARIS (R) - The French government needs to extend its programme of economic austerity until the end of next year to solve the country's trade and inflation problems. Prime Minister Pierre Maurny said Sunday.

economy." Mr. Wiyarso said.

Government ministers have previously suggested that austerity measures introduced last year to bring down inflation and reduce the trade deficit would be eased by the end of 1983.

In a radio interview with joumalists from RTL Radio and the newspaper Le Vlonde, Mr. Mauroy said: "I am convinced that for this period of rigour, which is rea- seem unlikely to be achieved.

TV fare

0 Encourage

14 Debatable

15 TV part 16 Ankles

17 Quick

20 Perched

22 Ramble

23 City in

24 Parched

25 Having trouble

28 Prohibit

32 Sympathy

31 Killed

21 Count (on)

lly a cleaning-up period and which we said would last 18 months in June 1982, more time will be nee-

"To bring inflation down to five per cent, we will need to go past December 1983 and continue up to the end of 1984. Since last year the Socialist gov-

ernment has increased taxes and restricted foreign currency for hol-

The government aims to bring inflation down to five percent and halve its annual trade deficit to 45 billion francs (56 billion) by 1984. but economists say present targets

23 Greek

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atop

30 Judge 31 Animal

35 Minor

38 Ocean

40 Israeli desert

TOKYO (R) - The London office of Mitsui and Co., Japan's secand biggest trading house, has suffered losses of about 4.7 billion yen (\$19.5 million) in speculative foreign exchange transactions, the

company said Sunday. . Dealings in seven currencies including the U.S. dollar, the West German mark, the Swiss franc. the British pound and the Japanese ventook place between mid-1982

÷

42

and early this year in excess of the March 31 while making exchange limit the company had imposed a gains of about five billion yen company spokesman said.

London office had incurred losses of nearly 14 billion yen (\$41.6 mil-

avoid possible exchange losses. head office in April found that the

(\$20.8 million) with net losses of about 4.7 billion yen, the soc-Missui sets the limit to futures The spokesman said that despite the losses the company cha-Two accountants sent by the

iked up a record 62.6 billion yen (5259 million) profit in the business year. The losses were due to the Lonlion) in the business year ended on don office's wrong forecasts for exchange rates of the currencies when the U.S. dollar's value sur-

> rply until early this year, he said Two senior officials of the London office will be called back shoruly for a detailed investigation, he

ged last autumn and then fell sha-

Oman introduces new rules in money-changing

MUSCAF (R) - Oman has introduced a new moncy changing regulation aimed at providing better customer services. Hassan Ali Salman, vice-president of Oman's Central Bank, said.

He told reporters Saturday the regulation was not meant to impose exchange controls but was aimed only at monitoring the money-changing business.

Under the regulation issued by the Central Bank, money changers will have to obtain a licence from the bank valid for five years. | economic recovery in their cou-

OAPEC disputes Williamsburg findings

BAHRAIN [R] — Arab oil pro-ducers Sunday disputed the fin-less-developed world. summit. saying economic growth in the West would not necessarily revive the economies of Third World countries.

The Organisations of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries, collapse for developed nations."
(OAPEC) said in its July bulletin Greater cooperation among more cooperation among Third World states was needed to avert a possible deterioration in their intemational trading position and to

ensure their economic recovery. The Williamsburg Summit of leading non-Communist industrial countries concluded that

dings of last month's Williamsburg The OAPEC bulletin, however, said: "The transfer of such good fortune is by no means an automatic process, any more than recession in the industrialised countries need imply economic

Greater cooperation among exporters of raw materials and the newly-industrialised countries might help prevent a return to the

situation of the 1960's it said. Then, increased exports by developing countries did not lead to a rise in their real incomes because their terms of international trade

worsened, it added.

BOY, DID I EVER

SLEEP LAST NIGHT

HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED

THE Daily Crossword by CF Murray

ACROSS 33 Eggs 34 Snapsho 54 Uncle Sam's 19 Fancer's A Guthrie income for short 57 Editor's

35 Expose 36 Pesky word 58 Bank child department 37 Train unit 38 Ohio city 59 Lone 60 A few 61 Take

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section

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THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME ROSYR SARATY HAT GAMBLING CASING WAS SO FANCY YOU HAD TO WEAR A TIE TO DO THIS. CLARNE Now arrange the circled letters to ed by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: JEWEL HEFTY HITHER UNSEAT

Answer: It's good manners to try to make your quests feel at home, especially whan you wish this—THEY WERE

(Answers torriorrow)

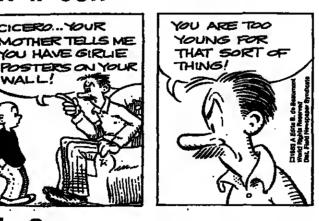
Peanuts BOY, DID I EVER SLEEP LAST NIGHT















Andy Capp

Mutt 'n' Jeff

WALL!

CICERO...YOUR

MOTHER TELLS ME

YOU HAVE GIRLIE









WORLD

Hayden says Vietnamese will stay put

Foreign Minister Bill Hayden said Sunday after talks in Hanoi that it was clear Vietnamese troops would stay in Kampuchea "until hell freezes over .

He told a press conference in Bangkok the Vieinamese had made clear to him that military pressure, whether from China or Thai-border based insurgents in Kampuchea, would not succeed in bringing about a withdrawal of Hanoi's estimated 180,000-strong

The Australian foreign minister said a key to any settlement would be China and added that unless Peking showed some flexibility the prospect of a deal was very

Afghan tribesmen cheer Shultz at refugee camp

NASIRBAGH REFUGEE CAMP, Pakistan (R) -Secretary of State George Shultz told a gathering of Afghan refugees Sunday that the United States was wholeheartedly with them in their struggle to end the Soviet occupation of their country.

Afghan people until the threeand-a-half -year-long occupation ended.

"We are with you." Mr. Sbultz told about 500 Afghan tribal leaders at Nasirbagh refugee camp on the outskirts of Peshawar.

He said that for the United States an Afghan settlement must provide for a withdrawal of Soviet forces, se)f-determination for the

He pledged that the United Sta- Afghan people and a return home tes would continue to stand by the of refugees with dignity and hon-

"These are the things that must

be included in any settlement if it is to be satisfactory," he said. The Afghans, leaders seated under a canvas awning to protect them from the boiling sun. interrupted him several times with

A senior tribal leader. Malik vlohammad Nazir, said in a wel-

coming speech that his people needed weapons more than any-

Nazir, who comes from Afghanistan's Ningarhar Province which borders Pakistan. particularly asked for anti-aircraft and anti-tank weapons.

Mr. Shultz made no reference to the request in his remarks. But he told the refugees: "My message to you from the United States is very simple. We are with you."

After visiting the refugee camp Mr. Shultz was due to travel to within severel kilometres of the Afghan border to look into the country from a Pakistani midnary

Freed Portuguese arrive in Lisbon

LISBON (R) — Ten Portuguese. including five children, arrived in Lisbon Sunday after their release by Angolan guerrillas who held them captive for more than three

The 10 - some of African descent, others who had lived in the former Portuguese colony for many years -- looked tired but in good health on their arrival from Inhannesburg.

Several of the bostages had been captured along with 66 Czechoslovak technicians and their families in a raid by members of the United Front for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA) on an industrial complex near the Angolan port of Mocamedes on March 12.

Others had been seized at Lumaum in January and forced to march for 53 days to the antigovernment guerrillas' central hostages returned home last Fri-

One of the Lumaum captives. Manuel Augusto Goncalves, accompanied by his three children aged 14. 13 and 10. said an old woman, who was already sick when seized, died in captivity.

Many of the former hostages have no known family in Portugal and are staying in a small botel. adcast appeals to possible relatives to contact them.

The families of some of the hostages have been left behind in Angola.

Angelo Dias Matanza, a widower captured at the Alto Catsons. aged 14 and 12. were still in cenaries imprisoned by the Ang-Angola. He did not wish to return olan government.

amp. and hoped the Portuguese gov-Forty-five of the Czechoslovak ernment would help trace the boys and bring them to Portugal.

> The Portuguese said they had been kept separate from the Czechoslovak captives and had no contact with them. They had not been attacked by government troops during the march but bad heard gunfire in the distance of several occasions.

International Red Cross officials who negotiated their release Portuguese radio Sunday bro- said 20 Czechoslovaks and 10 Por-

tuguese were still in Angola. UNITA, which has been figbting the Marxist Angolan government since independence in 1975, said the remaining bostages were being beld to be exchanged for jailed rebels and possibly for umbela complex said his two one Irish and six British mer-

he asked for one. "I don't give kisses on Tuesdays." sbe said: Victim jailed for

protecting mugger

NEWS

BRIEF

Never on Tuesday,

CHARLOTTETOWN. Canada

(R) - Princess Diana. while ton-

ring Canada with her bushand

Prince Charles, got a kiss from 90-year-old Margaret Mac-

Donald last Tuesday but rebuffed

27-year-old Calvin Ramsay when

says Diana

LONDON (R) — Mugging victim Stephen Grace bas been jailed for nine months for lying to protect his attacker. Grace. a 26-year-old chef described as having "a heart of gold". told lies about the day he was robbed in the street after tak-.. ing pity on the mother of the mugger. Defending lawyer Nigel Lambert said the mother knew her son Neil Cook. 22. was likely to be jailed if Grace ever gave evidence. and tracked him down by startling to phone every Grace in the London hotel directory - there are 150 of them - and he felt sorry for ber. Grace failed to attend court hearings and when Cook got a two-year sentence anyway, he was persuaded to lie in the appeal court to try to get the mugger freed. London's Central Criminal

Teenage burglars

go by the book

Court was told.

LONDON (R) — Two teenage brothers who decided to take up burglary studied their subject in the local library, reading e thief's autobiography and a book by a crime reporter. But police arrested them outside a house they were planning to burgle, leafing through the books for a lastminute check. At London's Centrai Criminal Court the two. Enrique and Joaquin Fernandez. of East London. admitted conspiracy to burgle and were sentenced to

Whisky-loving cat

kills 22,126 mice

180 hours' community service.

GLASGOW. Scotland (R) - A whisky-sipping cat called Towser has killed a world record 22,126 mice. according to her owner. a Scotch whisky distillery. Towser the mouser has the taste of a whisky connoisseur, preferring a dram of rare 15-year-old malt brands, but the eye of a killer when it comes to mice. Her record over 20 years has beeten the previous mark by 126 for a place in the authoritative Guinness Book of Records. says Glen Turret dis-tillery at Crieff. Perthshire. The tortoise-shell terror sometimes falls down on the job because she's usually under the influence of alcohol when prowling in the whisky-fumed atmosphere of the 200-year-old still house where she was born. But she's regarded as a

Drug-sniffing dogs turn into addicts

model employee by the distillery.

MANILA (R) — Dogs trained to sniff out heroin being smnggled mto airports in the Philippines rapidly become addicted to the drug, military headquarters said. A spokesman said the dogs were effective for only one year after they began to receive regular heroin injections and had to be killed to save them from further suffering. "When the dogs reach the withdrawal period. they look like patients dying of cancer." one miltary official told reporters. Mercy killing of dogs has been resorted to."

Salvadorean rightist death squad re-surfaces

SAN SALVADOR (R) - A rightist death squad in El Salvador said Saturday that it had gone on maximum aleri against leftisi guerrillas and punctuated its statement by dumping two bodies in

San Salvador. The bodies, of a man and a woman, were found by police in the parking los of a hotel. A corener reported that they had been beaten and strangled and had notes tied around their necks saying they had been killed by the secret Anti-Communist Army

WASHINGTON (R) - The Sov-

iet Union has greatly boosted its

supply of helicopters, armoured

cars and other arms to Nicaragua

partly to fight increased activity by U.S.-backed guerrillas, U.S. off-

The State Department officials

said Saturday East Germany had

also sent supplies and Cuba had

sent more military aides to the

left-wing government of the Cen-

Some officials said the arms

supplies sent to Nicaragua by the

Soviet Union and its allies were

running at an annual rate of about

20,000 tons, up from 10,000 tons

to Nicaragua in response to San-

some guerrilla raids were mou- trucks.

tral American state.

in 1981 and 1982.

The arms were also

icials said.

U.S. says Soviet military

aid to Managua boosted

The ESA, a rightist death squad that has been underground for the past year, resurfaced two months ago when it murdered a suspected guerrilla and left his body in front of another hotel in the Salvadorean capital.

The notes tied to Saturday's victims said the secret army had resumed activity to check an upsurge of urban violence by leftist guerrillas. grouped under the Far-abundo Marti National Liberation

nted from bases in Honduras.

The officials said the guerrilla

force of about 9,000 men had

been increasingly daring in their

raids, and this might be worrying

Nicaraguan leaders and their

United States aid to the anti-

Sandinist guerrillas has been cha-

nnelled to them secretly by the

Central Intelligence Agency. off-

icials said, despite concern by con-

gress over such clandestine U.S.

The officials said the supplies

which had reached Nicaragua rec-

ently included eight to 10 Soviet

and personnel carriers, as well as

helicopter transports, about 350

Cuban advisers.

Front (FMLN-FDR).

The notes, signed by "Commandante cero-uno." accused the government of supporting the guerrillas through an amensty programme rather than trying to eliminate them.

"... Our secret army, from this minute, enters a state of maximum alert and promises it will hold war councils and condemn to death all of the communist bandits that have indirect or direct ties to the FDR-FMLN..." the notes said.

NEW YORK (R) - A majority in

five of six countries believe the

United States' military presence

around the world makes war more

likely, according to a poll by Gal-

lup International.

'(It) has begun its action with the death penalty for two communists of the FDR-FMLN."

A mission from Amnesty International, the London-based human rights organisation. is now in El Salvador on its first vish since

A spokesman told Reuters the three-member team would collect information about the government's process of death certification and investigate alleged abuses of human rights.

The figures were: Mexico -- 74

per cent against IX per cent. Brazil

-- 62 against 19. Japan -- 52 aga-

inst 27. France -- 46 against 32, and Britain -- 43 against 39. In

West Germany, 39 per cent bel-

Kohl to be moderate in Moscow

BONN (R) - West German Chencellor Helmut Kohl was quoted Sunday as saying be would travel to Moscow as a man of moderation but leave no doubts with Kremlin leaders over his support

for NATO defence policy.
Dr. Kohl, the first NATO head of government to meet Yuri Andropov since he was elected Soviet president last month, said the main aim of his three-day visit was to get to know Moscow's leaders. He held out few hopes of concrete agreements.

'I travel to the Soviet eapital neither with inflated expectations nor with fears ... I will try to make clear to the Soviets we all want peace and that I am a man of compromise and not a man of conflict," he told the newspaper Welt

Am Sonntag. Recent official Soviet press criticism of Dr. Kohl has suggested Kremlin misgivings about Monday's visit, the first by a Christian Democratic chancellor in 28 years. Moscow clearly fears Dr. Kohl might prove less flexible than his Social Democratic predecessors in the 1970s.

Dr. Kohl has predicted hard talking and has promised to order the deployment of new U.S. nuclear missiles in West Germany this winter if Soviet-U.S. arms talks fail. But he also insists there are good prospects for relations between Bonn and Moscow.

West German newspapers have given much space to comprarisons with the only other visit by a Christian Democratic chancellor to

On that visit. Konrad Adenauer, a founding father of the for his country's emergence as a

as a breakthrough. Several newspapers have reprinted pho-tographs of Dr. Adenaur shaking hands with Prime Minister Nikolai

Dr. Kohl cannot hope for sim-

dominate Dr. Kohl's stay.

Western leader before deployment of 572 U.S. cruise and Pershing II missiles begins in Dec-Western diplomats said Vir.

asion to make a last effort to shake West German commitment to the

The diplomats said the Soviet leaders could adopt one of two different tactical approaches.

The first would be a tough line warning Or. Kohl that deployment of the new weapons would mean the stationing of new Soviet weapons in East Germany and a cuthack in the boooming trade links between Moscow and There have been recent signs that Moscow could be preparing to he hard on Dr. Kohl. In the past few weeks the Soviet press has sbarply eriticised his administration, something rarely done in advance of a visit by a gov-

ernment leader.

Geneva.

But some diplomats believe the

Kremlin may nevertheless opt for

a more conciliatory approach and

urged Dr. Kohl to put pressure on

Washington to soften its demands

at U.S.-Soviet missile talks in

The say it is possible Mr. And-

ropov could even announce a new

initiative on the missile issue dur-

ing Or. Kohl's stay in an attempt

to strengthen West European

opposition to the new American

Dr. Kohl who will be the first

German Christian Deomocratic

chancellor to come sinc ethe 1950.

has already stressed that he wants

the visit to centre on bilateral aff-

No intermediary

The chancellor has repeatedly

Chancellor Helmut Kohl

ilar breakthroughs in bidateral relations this time. But be expects Kremlin pledges to allow freer emigration of an estimated 100.000 ethnic Germans who want to leave the Soviet Union.

West German leaders complained to Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko in Bonn last January over what they consider a deliberate cutback in the issue of

The chancellor also hopes to improve economic ties with the Soviet Union and expand cultural

Talks with Ustinov

The scheduling of talks with Defence Minister Dmitty Ustmov, which would not normally be part of the programme for a visiting Western leader, underlined how much military issues will

The chancellor's visit will almost certainly be the last meeting between the Kremlin chiefs and a

Andropov and other Soviet leaders were likely to sue the occ-

said he is not ready to act as an intermediary between Moscow and Washingtin as his pre-

decessor. Helmut Schmidt. sometimes did. But the timing of his visit. as the missile deedline approaches. means that inevitably it will attract

intense insterest as governments look for signs of future Soviet behaviour. If Mr. Andropov issues no harsh warnings to Dr. Kohl. it could be

viewed as a sign that the Kremlin has already reconcided itself to the weapons and has decided not to retaliate by cooling commercial links. diplomats said.

nutiny turns 100 in Dublin DUBLIN (R) - Ivan Beshoff, the last survivor of the 1905 mutiny Arriving in London after the

dinist concerns about a possible tanks, rocket-launchers and anti-

war with neighbouring Honduras. tank guns. In addition. East Ger-

the officials said. They noted that many had earlier sent 1.000

Last survivor of Potenkin

on the Czarisi Russian battleship Potemkin that helped inspire the revolution 12 years later, celebrated his 100th birthday Sat-

Beshoff set up as a fisherman atter settling in Ireland in 1913. He married an Irish farmer's daughter in (418, became an Irish citizen in 1922 and says he feels like a 50-year-old. He has six children. 16 grandchildren and three greatgrandchildren.

You are only a boy at 100 in Russia." he said Saturday as he celebrated with a bottle of Irish whiskey presented to him by former Prime Minister Charles Haughey, one of the first to con-

♦KJ3 ♥KJ83 ♦ A1052 **♦**K5

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 ♥ 1 ♠ 2 ○ Pass

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South

What do you bid now?

10 14 ?

South you hold:

unsuccessful mutiny. Beshoff met a number of future leaders of the 1917 Russian revolution, including Lenin.

He elso met the Irish netionalist Jim Larkin, and travelled with him to Ireland where he became involved in the independence struggle. At one stage he was on the run from the British for his role in ecquiring arms for Irish net-

He has been back to the Soviet Union only once, in 1927, but was reported to have been not happy with what he saw. He is, however sull visited regularly at his home in Howth just north of Dublin, by Sovici diplomais.

U.S. may re-introduce airships for naval work WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. The officials said thet although

navy and Coast Guard are thinking of bringing back eirships for use in a wide variety of maritime missions, including drug int-erception and anti-submarine

A 511-metre long airship, on lease from British Airship Industries, made a demonstration flight at Andrews air force base near Washington last week to show its potential for maritime

missions. Other demonstrations are scheduled for this summer, and the navy and Coast Guard will decide whether to include the airships in their fleeis later this year or next. officials said.

Navy officials said the SKS-5(X) blimp is equipped with the latest technology and built with extensive use of composite, nonmetallic materials to give it a minimal radar profile.

100-octane aviation fuel.

They said the lighter-than-air

craft is powered by two modified three-litre. 190-horsepower Por-sche sports car engines that run on The direction of the engines' thrust can be altered to improve

the airship's manoeuvring and hovering capabilities if it is req-

uired to intercept ships.

the airships can only fly at 65 knots, they have a range of ebout 875 miles, so can cover great expanses of water. Navy officials said that if the

demonstrations go well they would consider using eirships about three times the size of the SKS-500 for tracking and destroving submarines, maritime reconnaissance and convoy escort. For the navy it would be a throwback of some 25 years.

It starting using airships for convoy and anti-submarine patrols in the 1930s, but its last three squadrons were phrased out in 1959 and 1960.

Coast Guard officials, who say their service bas never used airships widely, would consider the SKS-500, with its great manoeuvrability. for fighting drug smugglers on the high seas. monitoring adherence to fishing rights by foreign ships, water pollution detection and search and rescue. The SKS-500 can be equipped

with a life-saving winch and an inflatable four-man boat with outboard motor. The Navy and Coast Guard are

paying \$400,000 to lease the airship and its crew for the dem-onstrations, navy officials said. sidency.

and the newly released bit film

In the film, a teenage computer wizard penetrates the electronic

security system of a Pentagon nuc-

lear early warning computer in

order to play programmed war

The fictional video game addict

"War Games."

Kenyan's 'treachery' based on fiction The Sunday Tribune newspaper JOHANNESBURG (R) - A nsvaal in which a black garage

magazine article alleged to show thet former Kenyan Minister Charles Njonjo owned a firm in South Africa was a work of fiction set in the future, a South African newspaper reported Sunday.

Mr. Njonjo was suspended from bis post as constitutional affairs minister on Wednesday by Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi and later resigned his seat in parliament after he was accused of plotting to take over the pre-

said the article, which Assistant Minister Marrin Shikuku produced before the Kenyan Parliament on Wednesdey, came from the pro-government South African magazine "To The Point." which ceased publication three years ago.

Missing the point

In 1980, a fictional story in To The Point" described a labour relations case in the northern Traowner called Charles Njonjo was charged with discrimination against a white woman employee. Dave Williams, former editor of

'To The Point," told the Sunday

Tribune he was amazed anyone could believe the article could be genuine. "Good Lord I am staggered. It

should be obvious to anyone who is not completely credulous or has an axe to grind that the story is fictional." Mr. Williams was quoted as saying.

U.S. military superbrains said vulnerable to cloak-and-dagger tricks narios" described in the article

WASHINGTON (R) - Vital U.S. military computers are vulnerable to espionage by foreign agents who could not only steal secret information but actually sabotage American combat operations, according to two navy off-

In the July issue of the publication "U.S. naval institute proccedings". lieutenants Peter Grant and Robert Riche say computer saboteurs could cause key information from a combat zone to be garbled in transmission and could make U.S. missiles explode premeturely.

"If we cannot ensure the security of our computer systems. then we cannot rely upon them m a crisis." the two navy engineering and computer specialists said.

"The computer... may be a dangerous tool for manipulation by any potential enemy."
"Proceedings", an influential private publication with close ties

to the defence establishment.

noted in a press release the sim-

accidentally triggers an attack' alert and almost causes World According to published reports.

President Reagan was enthusiastic about the film, which was inspired partly by an actual 1979 incident in which a U.S. military technician fed a computer tape of a simulated war game into the wrong computer and caused false alert of a Sovict attack.

While Pentagon officials deny nuclear war could be triggered by computer error, the "proceedings" article portrayed military computers, an integral part of almost all modern weapons systems, as a potentially serious secThe trap door

These computers protect their information with electronic codes. But the two authors wrote that the security systems could be subverted by successful cracking of techniques such as the "trap" door".

A trap door is a code which, if discovered, could give an enemy agent "complete access to the computer and allow him to perform his... clandestine functions." they said.

A computer security expert who has worked under contract for the government told Reuters trap door codes in military computers could be purchased from industry specialists or otherwise uncovered by espionage agents.

The "proceedings" article described a hypothetical case in which enemy agents discover the trap door to naval radar computers. penetrate the system during combat and cause a U.S. fleet's defensive anti-missile missiles to explode prematurely.

almost defenceless against attacking cruise missiles.

Another penetration technique described in the article is the "Trojan horse". a piece of circuitry inserted into a computer ostensibly to perform a standard function which could also carry out sab-

Fatal hypotheses

The two officers sketched hypothetical cases in which secret agents of a foreign power insert Trojan horses into the computers of the U.S. worldwide military communications system.

In one. allies of the foreign power attack and destroy the ship of a friendly Middle East government. A U.S. navy vessel observes the incident and sends a flash to Washington, but the enemy's Trojan horse garbles the

In another, U.S. ships are attempting to track and destroy a offensive weapon should not be kusband might live, a state official

This leaves the American ships endly ship. But a Trojan horse. programmed in advance for such a contingency, interferes with the computerised search gear and the submarine slips away.

A U.S. official, who asked not to be identified, told Reuters certain government computer systems used to store sensitive information are vulnerable in another way.

The information is typed into the system then shifted electronically into code, he said. But the keyboard emits ele-

ctronic impulses that nearby espionage agents could intercept if they had the right equipment. stealing the information before it is encoded.

The "proceedings" article said the Pentagon was aware that its computer systems were vulnerable to espionage and sabotage and that it should move more quickly to correct the situation.

The authors added: "The use of

Wife, child die to save husband

NEW DELHI (R) - A wife killed herself and her four-year-old dayghter to save her crippled husband: in last week's floods in the western Indian state of Gujarat. The threeclung to e tree to escape the iloodwaters in a village in Junagadh district. But the woman, thinking it would be unable to bear their weight, plunged into the swirling penetration techniques as a (U.S.) waters with her child so that her submarine that has just sunk a frioverlooked._

ordensive weapon should not be kusband might live, a state official said. The man was rescued.

ilarities between worrisome "sce- urity risk. delin In

GOREN BRIDGE Pass Pasa 1 ♥ Pass BY CHARLES GOREN \$ 1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. What do you bid now? **WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ** Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you bold: **♦KQ3** ♥854 ♦AJ752 **♦93** Q.1-As South, vulnerable,

What do you bid now? Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South you bold: **♠KQ762** ♥8 ◊ **AK ♣AK542** Q.2—Both vulnerable, as The hidding has proceeded: South West North East South you bold: **↑**A ♥62 ○ K87653 **↑**KQ102 1 ↑ Pass 2 ↑ Pass

What do you bid now?

Q.6-As South, vulnerable,

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

Pass Pass 1 + Pass

What do you hid now?

you hold: +K10652 ♥3 ♥J5 +K8762 Q.3-Neither vulnerable, es The bidding has proceeded: North East South West **↑7 ♥A9832 ○KQJ92 ◆83** Pass 1 + Pass The bidding has proceeded: 1 NT Pass ? South West North East What action do you take?

The poll. published in Newieved the U.S. military presence sweek magazine Saturday, asked furthered peace against 25 per 5001 people in each country - Bricent. The rest in each case were tain. Frence. West Germany. undecided or geve no aswer. Japan. Brazil and Mexico -- about

Gallup's believe it or not

their attitude towards American Majorities in all six countries acknowledged that the U.S. had a people, culture and government. A majority of those responding in every country except West Germany believed the U.S. military presence abroad increased the chances of war rather than

wide influence in pop music. films and television. The figures were: Mexico - 83 per cent. France -67, Brazil -- 66. Britain -- 62. West Germany - 59, and Japan

Moscow in 1955.

West German state. laid the basis force in international affairs and negotiated the release of remaining Germans in Soviet prisoner-of-war camps. The trip was bailed at the time

Bulganin and Communist Party chief Nikita Khrushchev et the end of Kremlin talks.